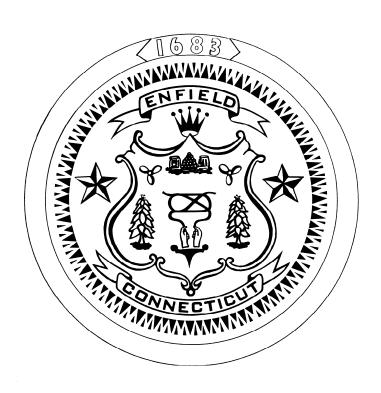
Town of Enfield Connecticut



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Department of Finance

Lynn Nenni Director of Finance

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2015

	Introductory Section	
	Table of Contents Letter of Transmittal GFOA Certificate of Achievement Organizational Chart List of Principal Officials	i-ii iii-vi vii viii ix
	Financial Section	
	Independent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis	1-3 4-12
Exhibit	_	
l II	Basic Financial Statements: Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	13 14
III IV	Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	15-16
V VI	Governmental Funds Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position -	17-18 19
VII VIII IX	Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds Notes to the Financial Statements	20 21 22 23 24-57
	Required Supplementary Information	2101
RSI-1	Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual - General Fund	58-60
RSI-2	Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual - General Fund	61-63
RSI-3 RSI-4 RSI-5 RSI-6	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Employee's Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Police Schedule of Employer Contributions - Employee's Schedule of Employer Contributions - Police	64 65 66 67
RSI-7 RSI-8	Schedule of Investment Returns Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Teachers Retirement Plan	68 69
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: General Fund:	
A-1	Combining Balance Sheet	70-71

A-2	Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
	Fund Balances	72-73
A-3	Report of the Tax Collector	74
A-4	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - Social Services Fund	75
A-5	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - Emergency Medical Services Fund	76
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
B-1	Combining Balance Sheet	77
B-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
	Fund Balances	78
B-3	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - Water Pollution Control Fund	79
	Internal Service Funds:	
C-1	Combining Statement of Net Position	80
C-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	81
C-3	Combining Statement of Cash Flows	82
	Fiduciary Funds:	
D-1	Combining Statement of Net Position - Trust Funds	83
D-2	Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position - Trust Funds	84
D-3	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	85
Table	<u> </u>	
	Statistical Section:	
	Financial Trends:	
1	Net Position by Component	86
2	Changes in Net Position	87
3	Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	88
4	Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Governmental Funds	89
_	Revenue Capacity:	
5	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	90
6	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	91
7	Principal Property Taxpayers	92
8	Property Tax Levies and Collections	93
	Debt Capacity:	
9	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	94
10	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	95
11	Schedule of Debt Limitation	96
12	Legal Debt Margin Information	97
	Demographic and Economic Statistics	
13	Demographic and Economic Statistics	98
14	Principal Employers	99
	Operating Information	
15	Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function/Program	100
16	Operating Indicators by Function/Program	101
17	Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	102



TOWN OF ENFIELD

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

December 23, 2015

Mr. Lee C. Erdmann Acting Town Manager Town of Enfield Enfield, Connecticut 06082

Dear Mr. Erdmann:

In accordance with Chapter V, Section 8 of the adopted charter for the Town of Enfield, I am submitting herewith the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of Enfield for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

State law requires that all local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of Enfield for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Enfield. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of Enfield has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town of Enfield's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of Enfield's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town of Enfield's financial statements have been audited by Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Enfield for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Town of Enfield's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town of Enfield was part of a broader, federally mandated "single audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited Town's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Town of Enfield's separately issued Single Audit Reports.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of Enfield's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Town of Enfield

The Town of Enfield is a suburb consisting of 33.8 square miles and located east of the Connecticut River along the Interstate 91 corridor, 18 miles north of Hartford, Connecticut, and 9 miles south of Springfield, Massachusetts, with a July 1, 2015 population of 44,699. Centrally located between Boston and New York City, and just a 15-minute drive from Bradley International Airport, Enfield is a short commute between major northeast economic markets.

The Town of Enfield operates under a council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority rest with a Town Council consisting of the mayor and ten other members. The Town Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the Town Manager and Town attorney. The Town Manager, among other things, is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Town Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the town and appointing the various department heads.

The Town of Enfield provides a full range of services, including police protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, sanitation and other infrastructure; and recreational activities and cultural events.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town of Enfield's financial planning and control. All agencies of the Town of Enfield are required to submit requests for appropriations to the Town Manager. The Town Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget for presentation to the Town Council. The proposed budget is due to the Town Council no later than 75 days prior to the end of the fiscal year. The Town Council holds one or more public hearings on the budget not later than 60 days before the end of the fiscal year. Within 20 days of the final hearing, the Town Council adopts the budget by resolution.

Local Economy

Enfield's location, transportation access, quality work force, land and business services have attracted many first-rate corporate citizens both large and small. The Town has a diversified commercial/industrial base of numerous manufacturing, research, engineering, distribution, service and retail facilities. A total of 1,600 businesses are located in Enfield, including the corporate headquarters for Massachusetts Mutual, and Retail Brand Alliance, Inc. Other major employers include Mass Mutual, LEGO Inc., Hallmark Cards and Eppendorf.

The 2013 Grand List, upon which the 2014-2015 budget was prepared, was relatively unchanged from the prior year. Currently, there are no major projects on the horizon that would significantly impact, either positively or negatively, the value of the Grand List.

Long Range Planning

The Town updates its five year capital plan every year, as part of the annual budget process. Town staff evaluate the condition of the town's buildings and infrastructure in order to identify and prioritize projects that will require funding outside of the regular operating budget. The updated capital plan is included in the Annual Operating and Capital Budget. In fiscal year 2015 and 2016 the Town Officials budgeted \$2.115 million and \$3.092 million respectively for capital projects. In November 2015, voters approved spending \$36 million for reconstruction, repair and improvements to the Town's water pollution control facility.

In November 2014 voters approved spending an additional \$60 million on road reconstruction projects. For the last 14 years road reconstruction and maintenance has been and continues to be a top priority with Town Officials and the general public. Since fiscal year 2000 and most recently in November of 2014, voters have four times approved by referendum, borrowing for road reconstruction for a total of \$114 million. In the last ten years the town has borrowed to maintain school buildings and built a Senior Center in addition to the road reconstruction projects.

The Town also received referendum approval in November 2012 for borrowing to merge the two existing high schools to one location. The state has approved the school building project and will cover 72.14% of allowable costs. The Town share of the project is approximately \$35 million.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the twenty-second consecutive year the Town has received this prestigious award, which is valid for a one-year period. In order to be awarded a certificate of achievement, the Town published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The Town believes its current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the program requirements, and will be submitting it to the GFOA to be considered for another certificate of achievement.

The preparation of this annual financial report could not have been accomplished without a major effort and commitment from all members of the finance department. I would also like to thank you and members of the Town Council for the continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the Town of Enfield in a responsible and progressive manner.

The Finance Department will continue pursuit of its goals: to promote the highest degree of public credibility and confidence in its operations; working to foster and maintain a local government environment which demonstrates fiscal accountability, efficiency, integrity, stability and relevant equity; and of course, the overall strive towards excellence.

Respectfully Submitted,

John A. Wilcox

Acting Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Enfield Connecticut

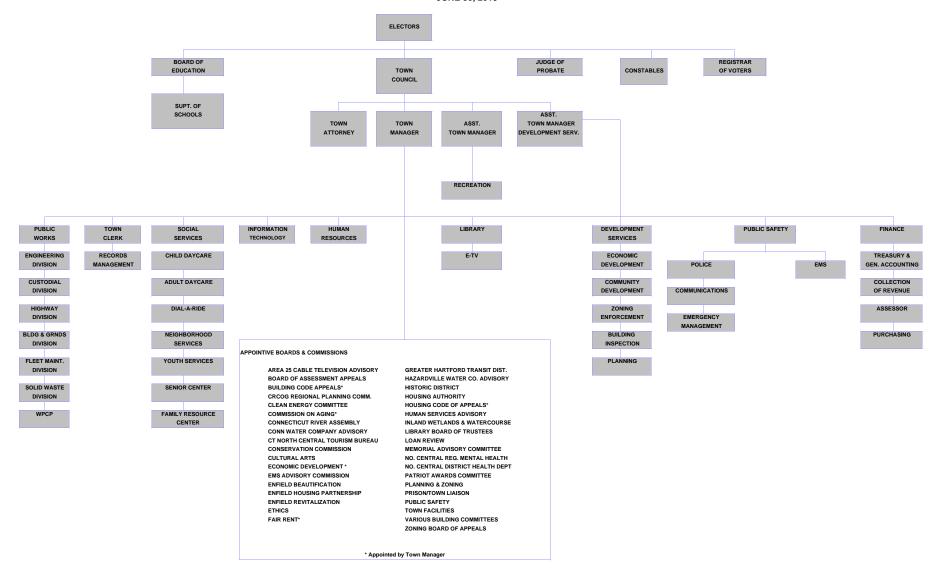
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

JUNE 30, 2015



TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2015

TOWN COUNCIL

Scott R. Kaupin, Mayor
William Lee, Deputy Mayor
Joseph C. Bosco
William J. Edgar, Jr.
Edward N. Deni
Thomas Arnone
Gina L. Cekala
Carol A. Hall
Cynthia Mangini
Gregory T. Stokes, Sr.
Donna H. Szewczak

Town Manager
Assistant Town Manager
Director of Economic Development/Community Development
Director of Emergency Medical Services
Director of Finance
Director of Human Resources
Director of Information Systems
Directory of Library
Director of Public Safety
Director of Public Works
Director of Social Services
Chief of Police
Town Attorney

Matthew Coppler
Derrik Kennedy
Courtney Hendricson
Gary Wiemokly
Lynn Nenni
Steven Bielenda
Paul Russell
Henry Dutcher
Christopher W. Bromson
Jonathan Bilmes
Pam Brown
Carl Sferrazza
Kevin M. Deneen

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Thomas J. Sirard, Chairman
David Wawer, Vice Chairman
Vincent M. Grady, Secretary
Stacy Thurston
Peter Jonaitis
Tina LeBlanc
Lori Unghire
Robert Peabody
Timothy Neville

Dr. Jeffrey A. Schumann, Superintendent of Schools

FINANCIAL SECTION



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Town Council Town of Enfield. Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Enfield, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Enfield, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Enfield, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. The net position of the Town has been restated to recognize the net pension liability required in implementing GASB No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12, the budgetary comparison information on pages 58 through 63, the pension schedules on pages 64 through 69 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Enfield, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2015 on our consideration of the Town of Enfield, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Enfield, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 23, 2015

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Enfield, Connecticut's (the Town) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the Town's financial statements. All amounts in this section are reported in thousands unless otherwise noted.

Financial Highlights

- Net position of our governmental activities increased by \$25,804 or 11.96%.
- > During the year, the Town had expenses and transfers that were \$25,804 less than the \$175,984 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs.
- > Total cost of all of the Town's programs was \$150,180.
- ➤ The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$25,802 an increase of \$2,337 or 10% over the prior year.
- ➤ General fund revenues exceed budgetary estimates by \$87. Expenditures were kept within spending limits, with a positive variance of \$479.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities on pages 13 and 14 provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a long-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented on pages 15 through 23. For governmental activities, the statements show how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on pages 13 and 14. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. The Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net assets are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall financial health of the Town.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the Town reports its activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - The Town's basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, public works, health and social services, library, planning and development and education. Property taxes and intergovernmental revenues finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 15 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Town administration establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes like the Capital Nonrecurring fund and Community Development fund. The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- ➢ Governmental Funds (pages 15 through 18) Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The differences between governmental activities reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation between fund balances all governmental funds and net position of governmental activities on pages 17 and 19.
- ➤ **Proprietary Funds** (pages 19, 20 and 21) When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Internal service funds (a component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the Town's other programs and activities such as the Town's Information Technology Fund.
- Fiduciary Funds (pages 22 and 23) The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Town's combined total net position increase by \$25,804 from a year ago, changing from \$215,699 to \$241,503. The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities.

TABLE 1
NET POSITION

				nental ties
	_	2015	-	2014 (Restated)
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$	68,655 268,085 336,740	\$ -	56,253 225,261 281,514
Deferred outflows of resources	-	4,554	_	
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	32,232 64,358 96,590	- -	24,333 40,679 65,012
Deferred inflows of resources	_	3,201	_	803
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	_	221,663 1,758 18,082	_	192,678 1,782 21,239
Total Net Position	\$_	241,503	\$	215,699

The largest component of the net position is the investment in capital assets (buildings, infrastructure and equipment), which is presented less outstanding debt related to acquiring the assets. This portion of the net position is not available for spending. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day to day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements, decreased \$3,157 from the prior fiscal year.

The change in net position can also be analyzed by looking at the difference between revenues and program expenses. The Town's total revenues were \$175,984, an increase of \$22,733 over the prior year. The total cost of all programs and services was \$150,180, a decrease of \$787 over the prior year. A more detailed discussion of fiscal year 2015 activity follows in the next sections.

		Gove Act		
		2015		2014
Revenues:			•	
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	14,124	\$	14,640
Operating grants and contributions		46,447		48,368
Capital grants and contributions		28,935		3,986
General revenues:				
Property taxes		84,230		84,360
Grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific programs		2,065		1,708
Investment income		183		189
Total revenues		175,984		153,251
_				
Expenses:		0.040		0.550
General government		9,040		9,552
Public safety		15,315		16,121
Public works		26,430		25,829
Health and social services		9,600		9,157
Library		1,858		1,809
Planning and development Education		1,518 83,736		1,234 86,343
		2,683		922
Interest on long-term debt Total expenses		150,180	-	150,967
ι οιαι ελρεποεο	•	130,100	-	150,507
Change in Net Position	\$	25,804	\$	2,284

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's five largest programs - public safety, public works, education, and health and social services - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

		Total Cos	t of	Services		Net Cost of S	Services
	_	2015	_	2014	_	2015	2014
General government	\$	9,040	\$	9,552	\$	3,537 \$	3,077
Public safety		15,315		16,121		14,553	15,401
Public works		26,430		25,829		20,642	23,384
Education		83,736		86,343		12,622	35,421
Health and social services		9,600		9,157		3,290	2,759
All others	_	6,059	_	3,965	. <u>-</u>	6,030	3,931
Total	\$_	150,180	\$_	150,967	\$_	60,674 \$	83,973

The total cost of services decreased \$787 or .5% from 2014 to 2015. There was no change in services provided by the Town. The primary cost drivers for the fiscal year were due to decreases in General Government, Public Safety and Board of Education spending.

Town Funds Financial Analysis

Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - page 15) reported a combined total fund balance of \$21,973 which is a 40% increase from last year's total of \$15,833. The fund balance in the general fund increased \$2,337 from the prior year. Page 41 shows the details of the governmental fund balances. More detail with respect to activity in the General Fund is presented in the General Fund Budgetary Highlights section.

There continues to be a deficit in the Water Pollution Control Fund, which decreased by \$119 during the year. \$2,492 is reserved in the General Fund nonspendable fund balance to cover part of the deficit. In fiscal year 2013-2014 the Council voted to convert the funding basis for the WPCA from ad valorem to user fee, in order to raise revenue to foot the cost of approximately \$35 million in upgrades to the plant. The change to user fee went into effect January 1, 2014. The rates were structured to provide enough revenue to pay back the general fund \$300 a year over a ten year period, and to support anticipated debt repayment of approximately \$31 million for plant upgrades and repairs.

The fund balance in the Bonded Projects Fund has a deficit of \$6,504, a decrease of \$4,350 over the prior year. The deficit is a result of spending associated with the "Roads 2015" paving program and the High School Consolidation project. Bond anticipation notes were issued during the year in the amount of \$20,000 to cover deficits in cash flows. The deficit will be covered in fiscal year 2015-2016 with the issuance of a bond for \$20 million.

The fund balance in the Capital Nonrecurring Fund decreased \$251, to \$3,595. Spending in the Capital and Nonrecurring Fund in fiscal year 2015 was \$2,511 compared to \$5,101 in fiscal year 2014. The Town records purchase of equipment, capital grants and major maintenance projects in this fund. Spending has decreased from prior years as one time grants are completed.

The fund balances in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds is \$2,760, a decrease of \$177 over the prior year. Pages 77-78 show the activity details for Nonmajor governmental funds. Spending activity is primarily education related and pertains to grants, student activity and cafeteria expenditures and revenues.

Fund balance in the governmental funds is classified according to the strength of the spending constraints for which it can be used, and are listed on the balance sheet according to the strength of the restriction, from most to least restrictive. Nonspendable fund balance represents 30% of the total fund balance. Amounts classified in this category include inventory and the corpus of endowment funds, prepaid interest and \$2,492 that has been advanced to the Water Pollution Control Fund. Restricted fund balance is 5% of the total fund balance and represents donations and grants whose spending is restricted to a particular purpose by the donor or granting authority. Committed fund balance is 50% of the total fund balance and represents amounts committed by the Town Council for a particular purpose. The amounts in this category are committed primarily through the budget making process or by resolution. Assigned fund balance represents encumbrances outstanding at year end, the remaining Board of Education budget that will be appropriated in fiscal year 2015 and the amount used to balance the fiscal year 2015 budget. Assigned fund balance represents 4% of the total fund balance. The unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending, is 10%. As mentioned earlier in this discussion, the WPCA fund and Bonded Projects fund are currently running deficits thereby reducing the unassigned fund balance to \$6,724. The deficit in the Bonded Projects Fund will be eliminated with future bonding and the deficit in the Water Pollution Control Fund will be eliminated over the next ten years through revenue raised by user fees.

Proprietary Funds

The Town of Enfield utilizes internal service funds to report the costs associated with liability insurance, health insurance and information technology for the Board of Education and the Town. Details of the activities in these funds are shown on pages 80-82. The net position of these funds decreased \$3,478 or 52%, to \$3,168. The decrease was primarily due to higher than estimated health insurance claims.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General fund revenues and expenditures are presented on a budgetary basis on pages 58-64. Note that for budgetary purposes, the general fund excludes the funds that were previously classified as special revenue, prior to the implementation of GASB 54.

Revenue Variances

Better than expected collections resulted in a positive variance of \$1,738 for all tax collections. Tax collections are currently budgeted on a cash basis and included \$300 for prior year collections. During the year the tax office conducted a "Tax Collector" sale. The proceeds of the sale contributed an additional \$231 to delinquent taxes and interest collected. Real estate collections were budgeted at 98.5%, motor vehicle at 94% and personal property at 97%. The blended tax collection rate for current year taxes was 98.00%, which represents a slight increase from the prior year collection rate of 97.95%.

Variances in intergovernmental revenue were caused by changes made by the state during the year to individual grant line items. In addition, the Town adopts their budget prior to the States adoption of their budget. Therefore, changes made by the State to grant allocations after the Town adopts its budget can result in variances. Intergovernmental revenue had a net negative variance of \$130.

Charges for services had a total positive variance of \$395. Budgets in this category are estimated based on historical averages and normally vary from year to year. The largest variance occurred in the building and mechanical permit budget. Expansions by Solar City fueled a positive variance of \$548 from the original budget.

Interest on investments had a negative variance of \$27. General fund investments are limited by state statute to risk free instruments as specified in Note 3. Unfavorable economic conditions have kept investment interest rates low.

The general fund had a total positive revenue variance of \$87.

Expenditure Variances

Budgetary expenditures had a total positive variance of \$479. The largest variances occurred in the following departments: General Government \$120, Board of Education \$139, Public Works \$84, and Public Safety \$65.

Additional appropriations from fund balance in the amount of \$1,890 were made as follows:

During 2014-2015 council deliberations the Town Council agreed they would allow the Board of Education to roll forward the remaining balance of their 2014 budget to 2015, resulting in an additional appropriation of \$131. Additional appropriations were also made for Police salaries and overtime \$270, Public Works salaries and overtime \$521, workers compensation insurance \$171, utilities \$81 and Land Use Commissions \$15.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2015, the Town had \$268,085 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, building improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure (roads, sewer lines, sidewalks) - Note 3(C). This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$42,824 over the prior year.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)

		Gover Act		
	_	2015	_	2014
Land Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Machinery and equipment	\$	12,255 45,015 15,589 47,365 8,171	\$	12,255 7,732 16,150 48,847 8,821
Vehicles Infrastructure	_	7,385 132,305	_	7,677 123,779
Total	\$_	268,085	\$_	225,261

This year's major additions included:

- > The continuation of a variety of road rehabilitation projects "Roads 2010" in the amount of \$11.963.
- > Purchase of eight police vehicles in the amount of \$257.
- > Purchase of an ambulance for EMS for \$180.
- > Purchase of two vans and two trucks for Public Works for \$169.
- Purchase of four grinder pumps and a sewer camera for \$289.

More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in Note 3(C) in the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2015, the Town had \$41,590 in bonds outstanding compared to 19,450 last year - an increase of 53% as shown in Table 5.

TABLE 5
OUTSTANDING DEBT

	Governn Activi	
- -	2015	2014
General obligation bonds - Town General obligation bonds - School improvements	38,434 \$ 3,156	15,168 4,282
Total \$_	41,590 \$	19,450

The Town maintains an "AA/Stable" rating from Standard Poor's and an "Aa2" rating from Moody's for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to seven times total tax collections including interest and lien fees and the tax relief for elderly freeze grant. The current debt limitation for the Town is \$665,616 which significantly exceeds the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

At the end of fiscal 2015 the Town was authorized to bond an additional \$35 million for the High School Consolidation projects, which is currently underway.

In November 2014, voters approved borrowing an additional \$60 million for the Roads 2015 road reconstruction program.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the Town's long term liabilities is presented in Note 3(E) of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2015-2016 budget. Overall economic conditions as well as citizens' ability to sustain an increase in taxes continue to be primary concerns of town officials. The mill rate for the Town was unchanged at 23.88 for fiscal years 2008-2012. The mill rate for the 2012-2013 budget increased to 27.84. The increase in the mill rate was the result of a town wide revaluation in which property values dropped an average of 13%. Property values for residential property dropped an average of 15% and commercial property values dropped an average of 10%. After factoring in the change in the grand list, the increase in the mill rate was .90 mills.

Council set the mill rate for the 2014-2015 budget at 29.13, an decrease of .13 mills over the prior year. In addition the Town transitioned from funding the WPC on an ad valorem to user fee basis. Town staff estimate the average home will pay approximately \$216 in sewer use fees.

The mill rate for fiscal year 2015-2016 is set at 29.89, an increase of .76 mills from the prior year. General fund spending increased to \$124,712, an increase of 3.94% over the fiscal year 2015 budget. The largest increases were in Board of Education \$1,621, Public Works of \$794, and Public Safety of \$487. Additionally, debt service payments increased by \$900.

The grand list has remained stable, with no meaningful growth or property transfers.

Unemployment (not seasonally adjusted) in the Town as of October 2015 was 4.5% versus 5.8% a year ago. The State's unemployment rate is 5.1% and the national rate is 5.0% for the same time period.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Acting Finance Director, John Wilcox, Town of Enfield, 820 Enfield Street, Enfield, Connecticut, 06082.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 42,337
Investments	12,154
Receivables, net	11,959
Prepaid items	2,118
Inventories	87
Capital assets, nondepreciable	57,270
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	210,815
Total assets	336,740
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Changes in projected pension investment earnings	3,316
Changes in pension actuarial experience	1,238
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,554
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	11,857
Unearned revenue	375
Bond anticipation notes payable	20,000
Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year	5,682
Noncurrent liabilities, due in more than one year	58,676
Total liabilities	96,590
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Deferred charge on refunding	278
Changes in pension actuarial assumptions	423
Advance property tax collections	2,500
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,201
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	221,663
Restricted for:	
Trust purposes:	
Expendable	26
Non-expendable	37
Loans	1,695
Unrestricted	18,082
Total Net Position	\$ 241,503

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

(III THOUSANUS)					Pr	ogram Revenue	s		c	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Public works Health and social services Library Planning and development Education Interest expense Total governmental activities	\$	9,040 15,315 26,430 9,600 1,858 1,518 83,736 2,683	\$	3,134 603 5,058 4,219 16 1,094	\$	2,369 114 396 64 13 43,491	\$	45 334 2,027 26,529 28,935	\$ 	(3,537) (14,553) (20,642) (3,290) (1,829) (1,518) (12,622) (2,683) (60,674)
Total		Investment ind Total gener Change in r	es: s ontril com al re	e evenues	cted	46,447 I to specific progr	= :	28,935 s	= - - -	84,230 2,065 183 86,478 25,804 215,699
		let Position at I		-	5 10				\$_	241,503

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

		General		Water Pollution Control		Bonded Projects	_	Capital Nonrecurring		Nonmajor Governmenta Funds	I	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,842	\$	846	\$	19,890	\$	925	\$	•	\$	39,529
Investments		9,019		4.400		000		2,664		69		11,752
Receivables, net		7,969		1,180		636		135		1,973		11,893
Due from other funds Advances to other funds		3,058 2,492						291		8		3,357 2,492
Prepaid items		2,492										2,492 2,101
Inventory		2,101								87		2,101
inventory	_						-		•			01
Total Assets	\$_	39,481	\$	2,026	\$	20,526	\$	4,015	\$	5,163	\$	71,211
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF F	RES	OURCES A	ANI	FUND BA	\L/	ANCES						
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,877	\$	699	\$	5,609	\$	405	\$	68	\$	9,658
Due to other funds		1,482		1,578		953				472		4,485
Advances from other funds				2,492								2,492
Bond anticipation notes payable						20,000						20,000
Unearned revenue	_	75				132	_			168		375
Total liabilities	_	4,434		4,769		26,694	_	405		708	,	37,010
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		5,555										5,555
Unavailable revenue - sewer user fees				937								937
Unavailable revenue - EMS receivable		1,168										1,168
Unavailable revenue - grants receivables		22				336		15				373
Unavailable revenue - loans receivables										1,695		1,695
Advance property tax collections	_	2,500		207		200	_	45		4.005		2,500
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	9,245		937		336	-	15		1,695		12,228
Fund Balances:		4.500								404		4 747
Nonspendable		4,593								124		4,717
Restricted		2 420						2 505		801		801 7.560
Committed		2,130						3,595		1,835		7,560 2,171
Assigned Unassigned		2,171 16,908		(3,680)		(6,504)						2,171 6,724
Total fund balances	_	25,802		(3,680)		(6,504)	-	3,595	-	2,760		21,973
i otal luliu balarices	_	20,002		(3,000)		(0,504)	-	ა,აყნ		2,100	,	21,973
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	20 494	Ф	2.026	Ф	20.526	Φ	4 015	Ф	5 162	¢	71 211
Resources and Fund Dalances	Φ_	39,481	Φ.	2,026	Φ.	20,526	Φ	4,015	Φ	5,163	Φ	71,211

\$ 241,503

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2015**

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

(In Thousands)

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different from the governmental fund balance sheet. The details of this difference are as follows:		
Total fund balances (Exhibit III)		\$ 21,973
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 387,141 (119,056)	268,085
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.		3,168
Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds:		
Property tax receivables Interest on property taxes Sewer use receivable EMS receivable Grants receivable Housing loans Deferred outflows related to changes in projected pension investment earnings Deferred outflows related to pension actuarial experience		3,688 1,867 937 1,168 373 1,695 3,316 1,238
Some liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Bonds and sewer notes payable Bond premium Deferred charge on refunding Compensated absences Accrued interest payable Capital lease Landfill closure Claims payable Net pension liability Deferred inflows related to changes in pension actuarial assumptions		(41,590) (1,382) (278) (7,163) (946) (2,922) (195) (691) (8,205) (423)
Net OPEB obligation		 (2,210)

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		General		Water Pollution Control		Bonded Projects	Capital Nonrecurring	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	_		-						•	
Property taxes	\$	84,366	\$	139	\$		\$	\$	\$	84,505
Intergovernmental		44,638		264		27,165	382	5,379		77,828
Charges for services		7,726		4,203			38	909		12,876
Contributions and donations		232						43		275
Investment income		104				27	38	13		182
Other revenues				3			37	5		45
Total revenues	_	137,066	-	4,609	_	27,192	495	6,349		175,711
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		6,758						339		7,097
Public safety		13,543						172		13,715
Public works		16,975		4,351						21,326
Health and social services		8,917								8,917
Library		1,694						30		1,724
Planning and development		1,418								1,418
Intergovernmental and interagency		442								442
Education		73,482						5,858		79,340
Non-departmental		6,225								6,225
Capital outlay						48,397	2,511			50,908
Debt service		4,869	_			39			_	4,908
Total expenditures	_	134,323	-	4,351	_	48,436	2,511	6,399	-	196,020
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over										
Expenditures	_	2,743	-	258	_	(21,244)	(2,016)	(50)	-	(20,309)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Bond issuance						25,000				25,000
Bond premiums		1,449								1,449
Transfers in		557		4		594	2,265	53		3,469
Transfers out	. –	(2,412)	-	(377)	_		(500)	(180)	-	(3,469)
Net other financing sources (uses	5) _	(406)	-	(377)	_	25,594	1,765	(127)	-	26,449
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,337		(119)		4,350	(251)	(177)		6,140
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	23,465	-	(3,561)	_	(10,854)	3,846	2,937	-	15,833
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	25,802	\$	(3,680)	\$_	(6,504)	\$ 3,595	\$ 2,760	\$	21,973

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different due to:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ 6,140

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital outlay	50,414
Depreciation expense	(7,293)

Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.

45

The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in of capital assets.

(342)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

Property tax receivable - accrual basis change	(50)
Property tax interest revenue - accrual basis change	2
Sewer use receivable - accrual basis change	675
EMS receivable - accrual basis change	447
Grants receivable - accrual basis change	(478)
Loans receivable - accrual basis change	(24)
Changes in deferred outflows related to changes in projected pension investment earnings	3,316
Changes in deferred outflows related to pension actuarial experience	1,238

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Issuance of bonds	(25,000)
Premium on bond issuance	(1,449)
Bond principal payments	2,860
Capital lease payments	1,711

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Compensated absences	(179)
Change in accrued interest	(758)
Amortization of bond premiums	67
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	52
Claims payable	16
Landfill closure	15
Net pension liability	(854)
Changes in deferred inflows related to changes in pension actuarial assumptions	(423)
Net OPEB expense	(866)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities

(3,478)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)

25,804

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	-	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
	-		
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,808	
Investments		402	
Accounts receivable		66	
Prepaid expenses		17	
Due from other funds	-	1,183	
Total assets	-	4,476	
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable		129	
Claims payable		1,124	
Due to other funds	-	55	
Total liabilities	-	1,308	
Net Position:			
Unrestricted	\$ __	3,168	

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Governmental Activities Internal	
		Service Funds	
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$	19,982	
Intergovernmental Total operating revenues		20,021	
Operating Expenses:			
Health insurance claims		18,484	
Risk management claims		1,268	
Technology services		3,753	
Total operating expenses	•	23,505	
Operating Loss		(3,484)	
Nonoperating Revenue: Investment income		6	
	•		
Change in Net Position		(3,478)	
Net Position at Beginning of Year		6,646	
Net Position at End of Year	\$	3,168	

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		overnmental Activities
	Se	Internal rvice Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from charges for services Payments for claims, premiums and fees Net cash used in operating activities	\$	20,095 (24,005) (3,910)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Sales of investments Investment income Net cash provided by investing activities		727 6 733
Net Decrease in Cash		(3,177)
Cash at Beginning of Year		5,985
Cash at End of Year	\$	2,808
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	\$	(3,484)
used in operating activities: Increase in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses Decrease (increase) in due from other funds Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other payables Increase (decrease) in claims payable Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(28) (15) 102 (51) (172) (262)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$	(3,910)

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Trust Funds			Agency Funds	
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	163	\$_	1,511	
Investments:				_	
Stocks		2,483			
Municipal bonds		606			
Corporate bonds		256			
Deferred retirement option program		1,039			
Mutual funds		785			
Guaranteed deposit		21,698			
Insurance company-pooled separate account		85,944			
Real estate funds	<u></u>	7,235			
Total investments	_	120,046	_	-	
Total assets		120,209		1,511	
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable			_	1,511	
Net Position:					
Held in Trust for Other Purposes	\$	120,209	\$_	-	

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	-	Trust Funds
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Employer contributions	\$	4,959
Employee contributions	_	1,323
Total contributions	-	6,282
Investment earnings:		
Interest and dividends		3,160
Net increase in fair value of investments	-	2,435
Total investment earnings		5,595
Less investment expenses:		
Investment management fees	_	379
Net investment earnings	-	5,216
Total additions	-	11,498
Deductions:		
Benefits paid		6,193
Administration expenses	_	238
Total deductions	-	6,431
Change in Net Position		5,067
Net Position at Beginning of Year	-	115,142
Net Position at End of Year	\$	120,209

(In Thousands)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Enfield, Connecticut (the Town) was settled in 1683. The Town operates under a Council-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter (last revised in 2014); public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, social services, culture-recreation, education, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include 1) the primary government, 2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and 3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statement to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided in GASB Codification, Section 2100, have been considered and there are no agencies or entities which should be presented with the Town.

B. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town's primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(In Thousands)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds, however, have no measurement focus.

Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pension obligations, other post-employment benefits and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due (matured).

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Water Pollution Control Fund accounts for the collection of user charges in relation to the cost of water pollution control and the financing of sanitary sewer improvements or services deemed to benefit the properties against which special assessments are levied.

The Bonded Projects Fund accounts for the bonded and financial revenues to be used for major capital asset construction and/or purchases.

The Capital Nonrecurring Fund accounts for the accumulation of monies for capital projects.

(In Thousands)

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Health Insurance Fund is used to account for the revenues and related expenditures for the health insurance plan for employees. The Commercial Liability Fund accounts for commercial liability insurance activities of the Town. The Information Technology Fund accounts for the financial operations of the central information systems department.

The *Trust Funds* are used to account for the activities of the Enfield Employees Retirement System and to account for the retiree health benefits of the single-employer defined benefit plan.

The *Agency Funds* are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operation. The Town maintains several agency funds for performance bonds, Asnuntuck College, Cultural Arts Commission and other student activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

C. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all savings, checking, money market accounts and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents.

D. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

(In Thousands)

E. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade, property tax, sewer use, sewer assessment and loan receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance for doubtful accounts represents those accounts which are deemed uncollectible based upon collection history and analysis of creditor's ability to pay.

Loan receivables consist of Community Development Block Grant loans. The Town provides low-interest loans for residential rehabilitation as well as loans to local businesses for facility improvements.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 for vehicles and equipment, \$20,000 for buildings and improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure (amounts not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

(In Thousands)

Property, plant and equipment of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	50-75
Buildings and improvements	20-75
Machinery and equipment	10-30
Vehicles	10-30
Infrastructure:	
Roads	40
Sidewalks	40
Bridges	70-80
Sewer Lines	100

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports deferred outflows related to pension in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension results from changes in assumptions. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). Additionally, the Town reports advance property tax collections in both the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds. The advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources; property taxes. sewer user fees, EMS, grants, and long-term loans. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

(In Thousands)

I. Compensated Absences

Town employees are granted vacation leave based upon length of employment and sick time depending on which union the employee belongs to. In the event of termination, employees are compensated for accumulated vacation and sick time. The Board of Education has employment contracts, which provide for the accrual of sick pay based on length of service. Vacation and sick leave expenses to be paid in the future periods are accrued when incurred in the government-wide statement. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for amounts expected to be paid (matured), for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences are generally paid out of the General Fund.

J. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

K. OPEB Obligations

The OPEB obligations represents the cumulative difference between the annual OPEB cost and the Town's contributions to the plans. These amounts are calculated on an actuarial basis and are recorded as noncurrent assets and/or noncurrent liabilities, accordingly, in the government-wide financial statements.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(In Thousands)

M. Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted

Restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted

This component of net position consists of amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Town of Enfield Town Council). The Town Council can commit fund balance through the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Director of Finance who has been delegated authority to assign amounts through approval of purchase orders by the Town Council.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

(In Thousands)

N. Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1. Real estate and personal property taxes are due and payable in two installments on July 1 and the following January 1. Motor vehicle taxes are due and payable July 1, and motor vehicle supplemental taxes are due and payable on January 1. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing before the end of the fiscal year following the due date.

O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the General Fund and Water Pollution Control Plant Fund financial statements.

By Charter, the Town Manager submits proposed budgets for the General Fund and Water Pollution Control Plan Fund to the Town Council 75 days prior to fiscal year end. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

- Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- Management is authorized to transfer amounts without approval of the Town Council within departments. Transfers between departments (within functions) can only be made by the Town Council and only within the last six months of the fiscal year.
- The Department of Education is not a separate legal entity, but a separate function of the Town. Its Board is authorized under State law to make any transfers required within their budget at their discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Town Council approval and, if necessary, approval at a public hearing or referendum.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- The budget is generally prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level for the General Fund and at the fund level for the Water Pollution Control Plant Fund.
- Budgeted amounts shown are as amended by the Town Council during the course of the year. There were additional appropriations totaling \$1,245 million during the year.
- Generally, all appropriations lapse at year end, except those for the Capital Projects Fund. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when project extend more than one fiscal year.

(In Thousands)

- Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year.
- Budgets are also legally adopted and presented for the Social Services Fund, Emergency Medical Fund and Water Pollution Control Fund.

B. Deficit fund equity

The following governmental funds had fund balance deficits at June 30, 2015:

- The Water Pollution Control Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$3,680 which will be funded from future charges for services and General Fund appropriations.
- The Bonded Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$6,504 which will be funded from the issuance of general obligation bond anticipation notes and bonds.
- The Information Technology Fund had a deficit net position of \$33 which will be funded from future charges for services.

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by the Statutes, or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit in an "out of state bank," as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies; 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof; and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

(In Thousands)

Deposits

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$48,111 of the Town's bank balance of \$49,318 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	2,358
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's		
trust department, not in the Town's name		45,753
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$_	48,111

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. At June 30, 2015, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$800. The following table provides summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

	Standard <u> </u>
State of Connecticut Short-Term Investment	
Fund (STIF)	AAAm

Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the Town had the following investments:

				Investr	nei	nt Maturiti	es	(Years)
	Credit	Fair	•	Less				More
Investment Type	Rating	Value		Than 1	_	1 - 10		Than 10
Interest-bearing investments	S:							
Government bonds	AAA \$	1,865	\$	127	\$	1,653	\$	85
Government bonds	AA+/AA-	2,016				2,016		
Corporate bonds	AA+/AA-	30						30
Corporate bonds	A+/A-	115				115		
Corporate bonds	BBB+/BBB-	111				84		27
Certificates of deposit	N/A	7,494		1,587		5,907		
•		,		,	• •	,		
Total		11,631	\$	1,714	\$	9,775	\$	142
			•					
Other investments:								
Mutual funds		2,101						
Pooled separate accounts		85,944						
Guaranteed deposit		21,698						
Common stock		2,552						
Real estate		7,235						
Deferred retirement option	nrogram	1,039						
Defended retirement option	i piograffi	1,039	•					
Total Investments	\$	132,200	=					

(In Thousands)

Investment Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value if its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Credit Risk

The Town has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State statutes governing investments in obligations of any state or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The Pension Trust Fund is also authorized to invest in corporate bonds, domestic common stocks, domestic equity real estate and international equities. The investments of this fund are held in trust by a trustee bank, which executes investment transactions under the direction of the pension plan's investment manager.

B. Receivables

Receivables by type at year end for the Town's government-wide financial statements, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities										
	General		Water Pollution Control		Bonded Projects		Capital Nonrecurring	а	Nonmajor and Othe Funds		Total
Receivables:											
Taxes	\$ 5,643	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	5,643
Interest	1,867										1,867
Sewer user fees			1,166								1,166
Accounts and other	2,092								66		2,158
Housing loans									1,695		1,695
Intergovernmental	194	-	72		636		135		278	_	1,315
Gross receivables Less: Allowance for	9,796		1,238		636		135		2,039		13,844
collection losses	1,827	•	58_							_	1,885
Net Total Receivables	\$ 7,969	\$	1,180	\$	636	\$	135	\$	2,039	\$_	11,959

(In Thousands)

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

		Beginning							Ending
	_	Balance	. !	Increases	· _	Decreases	 Transfers	_	Balance
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	12,255	\$		\$		\$	\$	12,255
Construction in progress		7,732		48,921	_		 (11,638)	_	45,015
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	19,987		48,921	_	-	(11,638)	_	57,270
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings		34,961							34,961
Building improvements		59,835							59,835
Machinery and equipment		15,024		606		77			15,553
Vehicles		13,837		607		578			13,866
Infrastructure	_	194,778		325	_	1,085	11,638	_	205,656
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	318,435		1,538	_	1,740	 11,638	-	329,871
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings		18,811		561					19,372
Building improvements		10,988		1,482					12,470
Machinery and equipment		6,203		1,246		67			7,382
Vehicles		6,160		824		503			6,481
Infrastructure	_	70,999		3,180	_	828		_	73,351
Total accumulated depreciation	-	113,161		7,293	_	1,398	 	-	119,056
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	t <u>-</u>	205,274		(5,755)	_	342	 11,638	-	210,815
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	225,261	\$	43,166	\$_	342	\$ 	\$_	268,085

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 903
Public safety	649
Public works	3,912
Health and social services	223
Library	45
Education	 1,561
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 7,293

(In Thousands)

Construction Commitments

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2015. At year end, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Remaining ommitment
Road Improvement Program High School Expansion and Renovation	\$ 64,480 63,674
-	\$ 128,154

The commitments are being financed with bond anticipation notes and state and federal grants.

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	. <u>–</u>	Amount
0 15 1	B 11B : E 1	Φ.	050
General Fund	Bonded Projects Fund	\$	953
General Fund	Water Pollution Control		1,578
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		472
General Fund	Internal Service Funds		55
Internal Service Funds	General Fund		1,183
Capital Nonrecurring Fund	General Fund		291
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	_	8
		•	
		\$ <u>_</u>	4,540

All balances are expected to be repaid within a year.

The General Fund advanced the Water Pollution Control Fund \$2,492. The advances amongst funds relate to working capital loans. None of the balance is scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

(In Thousands)

Interfund transfers are generally used to supplement revenues of other funds. The transfers that occurred during the year are as follows:

_		Trans	<u>sfe</u> i	rs In					
	 General Fund	Bonded Projects	<u>N</u>	Capital lonrecurring	Nonmajor Governmental Funds			Total Transfers Out	
Transfers out: General Fund	\$	\$ 94	\$	2,265	\$	53 \$	\$	2,412	
Water Pollution Capital Nonrecurring Nonmajor	377 180	500						377 500 180	
Total Transfers In	\$ 557	\$ 594	\$	2,265	\$	53	- \$_	3,469	

E. Long-Term Debt

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	-	Beginning Balance	 Increases	_	Decreases	 Ending Balance	-	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds payable:								
General obligation bonds Bond premiums	\$	19,450	\$ 25,000 1,449	\$	2,860 67	\$ 41,590 1,382	\$	2,865
Total bonds payable	-	19,450	 26,449	-	2,927	 42,972	-	2,865
Compensated absences		6,984	2,710		2,531	7,163		1,202
Landfill closure cost		210	•		15	195		15
Claims payable		707	27		43	691		45
Capital lease		4,633			1,711	2,922		1,555
Net pension liability		7,351	854			8,205		
Net OPEB obligation	-	1,344	 866	-		 2,210	-	
Total Governmental Activities								
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	40,679	\$ 30,906	\$	7,227	\$ 64,358	\$	5,682

For the governmental activities, compensated absences and net OPEB obligations are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

(In Thousands)

General Obligation Bonds

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Town for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable properties located within the Town.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Amount of Original Issue	Annual Principal	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2015
General purpose: Road reconstruction Refunding Road reconstruction Total general purpose	6/15/08 8/12/09 8/5/14	6/15/28 7/1/18 8/1/34	3.25-5.0 \$ 2.0-4.0 2.25-4.0	19,000 4,392 25,000 48,392	Various \$ Various Various	11,100 2,334 25,000 38,434
School: Refunding	8/12/09	7/1/18	2.0-4.0	6,003	Various	3,156
Total Outstanding			\$	54,395	\$	41,590

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	_	Principal	_	Interest
2016	\$	2,865	\$	1,997
2017		3,165		1,442
2018		3,190		1,284
2019		2,330		1,167
2020		2,315		1,085
2021-2025		11,575		4,044
2026-2030		9,575		2,014
2031-2035	_	6,575	_	615
	_			
	\$_	41,590	\$	13,648

Authorized but Unissued Bonds

The total of authorized but unissued bonds at June 30, 2015 is \$72,500. In most cases, interim financing is obtained through bond anticipation notes or other short-term borrowings until the issuance of long-term debt.

(In Thousands)

Legal Debt Limit

The Town is subject to the General Statutes of Connecticut, which limits the amount of debt outstanding at June 30, 2015 to the following:

Category	_	Debt Limitation	_	Net Indebtedness	_	Balance
General purpose	\$	213,948	\$	101,869	\$	112,079
Schools	Ψ	427,896	Ψ	38,156	Ψ	389,740
		•		30,130		•
Sewers		356,580				356,580
Urban renewal		309,036				309,036
Pension deficit		285,264				285,264

Total debt outstanding may not exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$665,616).

Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

State and Federal laws and regulations require that the Town perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 19 years after closure. The liability for the landfill post-closure care, aggregating \$195, is based on the amount estimated to be paid for all equipment, facilities and services required to monitor and maintain the landfills as of June 30, 2015. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

Capital Leases

The town leases various computer and telephone equipment, ambulance, radio frequency towers and trucks. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (titles transfer at the end of lease terms) and, therefore, are recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

	_	Governmental Activities
Asset: Vehicles and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ _	10,395 3,200
Total	\$_	7,195

(In Thousands)

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2015:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities
2016	\$ 1,626
2017	856
2018	228
2019	133
2020	70
Thereafter	153
Total lease payments	3,066
Less amount representing interest	144
Present Value of Future Minimum	
Lease Payments	\$ 2,922

F. Short-Term Debt

The following is a summary of bond anticipation note activity for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Project	Issue Date	Due Date	_	Original Issue Amount	Interest Rate (%)	_	Balance July 1, 2014	Issued	_	Retired	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2015
Road Improvement											
Program	8/13/2013	8/12/2014	\$	11,500	1.00%	\$	11,500	\$	\$	11,500	\$ -
High School Expansion											
and Renovation	8/13/2013	8/12/2014		11,500	1.00%		5,000			5,000	-
Project											
High School Expansion	0/40/0044	0/44/0045		40.000	4.000/			40.000			40.000
and Renovation	8/12/2014	8/11/2015		10,000	1.00%			10,000			10,000
Project High School Expansion											
and Renovation											
Project	5/19/2015	8/11/2015		10,000	1.00%			10,000			10,000
. 10,000	5, 15,2010	5, 1.72010	-	10,000	1.0070	-		10,000	-		10,000
			\$_	43,000		\$_	16,500	\$ 20,000	\$_	16,500	\$ 20,000

(In Thousands)

G. Fund Balance

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

		General	Water Pollution	Bonded	Capital	lonmajor /ernmental	
		Fund	Control	Projects	recurring	Funds	Total
Fund balances:	_				 		
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	\$		\$ \$		\$;	\$ 87 \$	87
Advances		2,492					2,492
Prepaid expenses		2,101					2,101
Permanent fund principal		,				37	37
Restricted for:							
Grants						801	801
Committed:							
General government grants		127					127
School miscellaneous		1,096					1,096
Revaluation		168					168
Emergency fuel bank		5					5
Elderly relief		98					98
Recreation		425					425
Police outside services Dog fund		211				23	211 23
Open space acquisition						609	609
Community development						286	286
Public library						279	279
Town memorial						97	97
Scholarship						284	284
Macioek post ambulance						231	231
Library trust						26	26
Capital improvements					3,595		3,595
Assigned:							
Subsequent year's budget		2,000					2,000
Planning and development - encumbrances		22					22
Library - encumbrances		10					10
Education		139					139
Unassigned	_	16,908	 (3,680)	(6,504)	 	 	6,724
Total Fund Balances	\$_	25,802	\$ (3,680) \$	(6,504)	\$ 3,595	\$ 2,760 \$	21,973

Encumbrances of \$32 at June 30, 2015 are contained in the above table in the assigned category of the General Fund.

4. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

A. Pension Trust Fund

The Town of Enfield administers two single-employer, contributory defined benefit pension plans. The two plans, Town and Police, are included in the financial statements as pension trust funds. The plans do not issue stand-alone financial statements.

Per the charter, the Town Manager is responsible for management of the pension plans, and the Town Treasurer is the treasurer of the plans. The Town Manager has appointed a committee comprised of the Town Manager, Finance Director, Human Resources Director and Treasurer to manage the pension plans.

(In Thousands)

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

Employee's Pension Plan

The Town of Enfield Pension Plan covers all employees working more than nineteen hours a week and for more than five months per calendar year except teachers covered and the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System and Police.

Police Pension Plan

The Town of Enfield Police Pension Plan covers employees in the Police Department working more than thirty-five hours a week and for more than five months per calendar year.

Benefit Provisions

Employee's Pension Plan

The Town provides all retirement benefits through a single-employer, contributory defined benefit plan. All employees are 100% vested after five years of continuous service. Employees who retire at normal retirement at age 65 receive a retirement benefit.

Police Pension Plan

The Town provides all retirement benefits through a single-employer, contributory defined benefit plan. All employees are 100% vested after ten years of continuous service. Employees who retire at normal retirement at age of the latter of age 50 or 20 years of service receive a retirement benefit.

At July 1, 2014, Plan membership consisted of the following (amounts not rounded):

	Employee's Pension Plan	Police Pension Plan
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated plan members entitled to benefits but not	252	58
yet receiving them and inactive with vested benefits	176	22
Active plan members	512	90
	940	170

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the two defined benefit pension plans. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

(In Thousands)

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Funding Policy

Town employees contribute 3.5% of earnings and Police employees contribute 7% of earnings. The Town is required to contribute the amounts necessary to finance the benefits for its employees. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed through investment earnings.

Investments

Investment Policy

The Employee's and Police Pension Plans' policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the PERS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the PERS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Employee's and Police Pension Plans' investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2015:

	Target
Large Cap Equity	30%
Small Cap Equity	7%
International Equity	13%
Fixed Income	10%
Long Duration Bond	8%
Real Estate	5%
Stable Value	27%
	100%

Concentrations

The pension plans held the following investments representing 5% or more of the pension trust fund's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2015:

Private Placement Fund	\$ 6,021
Guaranteed Deposit Account	21,698

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments for the Employee's and Police Pension Plans, net of pension plan investment expense, were 4.5% and 4.6%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

(In Thousands)

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

The Police Pension Plan offers a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) to its bargaining unit employees employed on or after July 1, 2011. The DROP is intended to provide an alternative retirement option to police employees who are eligible to retire. An employee is considered eligible if they are a full-time employee and must have completed less than 35.25 years of service. During the DROP period, pension payments will be made depending on the DROP factor based on the age of the employee. Amounts held by the Police Pension Plan DROP investments at June 30, 2015 were \$1,039.

Net Pension Liability of the Town

The net pension liability of the Employee's and Police Pension Plans at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

		mployee's ension Plan	Police Pension Plan
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	66,143 61,973	\$ 57,978 53,943
Net Pension Liability	\$	4,170	\$ 4,035
Plan fiduciary net position as a perce of the total pension liability	entage	93.70%	93.04%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the Employee's and Police Pension Plans were determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.50% for Employees' Plan, 4% for Police
Salary increases	4.25%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of investment and contract fees,
	including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

(In Thousands)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Target
Large Cap Equity	30%
Small Cap Equity	7%
International Equity	13%
Fixed Income	10%
Long Duration Bond	8%
Real Estate	5%
Stable Value	27%
	100%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% for both the Employee's Pension Plan and the Police Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate for the Employee's Pension Plan and the Police Pension Plan was adjusted from 7.25% from June 30, 2014.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Employee's and Police Pension Plans, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension (asset) liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease (6.00%)	-	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	 1% Increase (8.00%)
Employee's Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$	11,976	\$	4,170	\$ (2,479)
Police Plan Net Pension (Asset) Liability		11,340		4,035	(2,034)

(In Thousands)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Employees' Pension Plan

	lı	ncrease (Decrease)	
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of June 30, 2014 \$	63,076	\$\$	3,746
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	2,064		2,064
Interest on total pension liability	4,457		4,457
Differences between expected and actual experience	(007)		(007)
including assumption changes	(627)		(627)
Employer contributions		2,128	(2,128)
Member contributions		778	(778)
Net investment income		2,660	(2,660)
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions	(2,827)	(2,827)	-
Administrative expenses		(96)	96
Net changes	3,067	2,643	424
Balances as of June 30, 2015 \$	66,143	\$ 61,973 \$	4,170

Amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from adjusting the investment return assumption from 7.25% to 7.00% and from changing the salary scale from 4.25% to 4.25% for the first five years and 4% thereafter.

D-I	:	D	:	DI
POI	ıce	Per	ISION	Plan

	Inc	crease (Decrease)	
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of June 30, 2014 \$	55,406 \$	51,801 \$	3,605
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	962		962
Interest on total pension liability	3,910		3,910
Differences between expected and actual experience	(187)		(187)
Employer contributions		1,428	(1,428)
Member contributions		545	(545)
Net investment income		2,368	(2,368)
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions	(2,113)	(2,113)	-
Administrative expenses		(86)	86
Net changes	2,572	2,142	430
Balances as of June 30, 2015 \$	57,978 \$	53,943 \$	4,035

(In Thousands)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense of \$845 and \$191 for the Employees' Pension Plan and Police Pension Plan, respectively. At June 30, 2015, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	_Employees' Pension Plan			
		Deferred	Deferred	
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	644	\$	
Changes of assumptions				16
Net difference between projected and				
actual earning on pension plan investments		3,272		1,491
Total	\$	3,916	\$	1,507
		Police Pe	nsi	ion Plan
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	594	\$	
Changes of assumptions	Ψ	554	Ψ	407
Net difference between projected and				107
actual earning on pension plan investments		2,785		1,250
actual calling on portolon plan invocationto		2,. 30		.,200
Total	\$	3,379	\$	1,657

(In Thousands)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	mployees' Pension Plan	Police Pension Plan
2016	\$ 643	482
2017	643	482
2018	643	482
2019	643	483
2020	(176)	(214)
Thereafter	13	7

B. Teachers Retirement

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

(In Thousands)

Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	 100,299
Total	\$ 100,299

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. At June 30, 2015, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$7,525 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

(In Thousands)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increase	3.75-7.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.50%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected 19 years using scale AA, with a two-year setback for males and females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010.

Future cost-of-living increases for members who retire on or after September 1, 1992 are assumed to be an annual cost-of-living adjustment of 2%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target _Allocation_	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities Developed non-U.S. equities	21.0% 18.0%	7.3% 7.5%
Emerging markets (non-U.S.)	9.0%	8.6%
Core fixed income Inflation linked bond fund	7.0% 3.0%	1.7% 1.3%
Emerging market bond	5.0%	4.8%
High yield bonds Real estate	5.0% 7.0%	3.7% 5.9%
Private equity Alternative investments	11.0%	10.9%
Liquidity fund	8.0% 6.0%	0.7% 0.0.%
Total	100.0%	

(In Thousands)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

5. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Town provides post-retirement benefits for certain employees for current and future health and life insurance benefit expenses through a single-employer defined benefit plan.

The plan covers Town, Police and Board of Education employees. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Town and the various unions representing the employees. The Town does not issue a stand-alone financial report for the plan.

The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial report as the Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund. The plan does not issue a standalone financial report.

At July 1, 2013, plan membership consisted of the following (amounts not rounded):

Retired members and spouses	
of retired members	291
Active plan members	1,000
Total	1,291

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute as established by the Town and may be amended by the Town.

(In Thousands)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town of Enfield's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation	\$	2,261 101
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	(93)
Annual OPEB Cost		2,269
Contributions made	_	1,403
Increase in net OPEB obligation		866
Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year	_	1,344
Net OPEB Obligation at End of Year	\$_	2,210

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the three fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 is presented below.

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	Net OPEB (Asset) Obligation
6/30/2013 6/30/2014 6/30/2015	\$ 1,900 2,037 2,269	\$ 1,279 1,266 1,403	67.3% 62.2% 61.8%	\$ 573 1,344 2,210

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

(In Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	I -	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/2009 \$ 7/1/2011 7/1/2013	3,076 3,530	\$	23,965 21,500 24,916	\$ (23,965) (18,424) (21,386)	0% 14% 14%	\$ N/A N/A 58,329	N/A N/A 36.7%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended	Annual Required Contribution	Actual Contribution	Percentage Contributed
6/30/2013	\$ •	\$ 1,279	67%
6/30/2014 6/30/2015	2,029 2,261	1,266 1,403	62% 62%

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the actuarial assumptions are as follows:

Interest rate	7.50%
2013 medical trend rates	8.00%
Ultimate medical/Rx trend rate	5.00%
Amortization method	Level Percent Closed
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit
Remaining amortization period	26.79
Annual payroll increase	4.00%

(In Thousands)

6. COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS

Combining Schedule of Plan Net Position:

	E	Employee's Pension Plan		Police Pension Plan		OPEB Trust Fund		Total
Appate	_		_				_	
Assets:	_		_		_		_	
Cash	\$		\$		\$	163	\$	163
Investments:								
Stocks						2,483		2,483
Municipal bonds						606		606
Corporate bonds						256		256
Mutual funds						785		785
Pooled separate accounts		47,129		38,815				85,944
Deferred retirement option program				1,039				1,039
Guaranteed deposit		11,022		10,676				21,698
Real estate funds	_	3,822	_	3,413			_	7,235
Total investments	_	61,973	_	53,943	_	4,293	_	120,209
Net Position:								
Held in Trust for Other Purposes	\$_	61,973	\$_	53,943	\$_	4,293	\$_	120,209

(In Thousands)

Combining Schedule of Changes in Plan Net Position:

	E	mployee's Pension Plan		Police Pension Plan		OPEB Trust Fund		Total
Additions:			-		_			
Contributions:								
Employer contributions	\$	2,128	\$	1,428	\$	1,403	\$	4,959
Employee contributions		778	_	545	_		_	1,323
Total contributions		2,906	-	1,973	_	1,403	_	6,282
Investment income:								
Interest and dividends		1,646		1,424		90		3,160
Net increase in fair value of investments		1,218	_	1,119	_	98		2,435
Total investment gain		2,864		2,543		188	_	5,595
Less investment expenses:								
Investment management fees		204	_	175	_		_	379
Net investment income	_	2,660	-	2,368	_	188	_	5,216
Total additions	_	5,566	-	4,341	_	1,591	_	11,498
Deductions:								
Benefits paid		2,827		2,113		1,253		6,193
Administration expenses		96	_	86	_	56		238
Total deductions		2,923	_	2,199	_	1,309	_	6,431
Change in Net Position		2,643		2,142		282		5,067
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	59,330	-	51,801	_	4,011	_	115,142
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	61,973	\$_	53,943	\$_	4,293	\$_	120,209

7. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the three years ended June 30, 2015.

The Town is a member in the Connecticut Interlocal Risk Management Agency (CIRMA), a public entity risk pool established for the purpose of administering an interlocal risk management program pursuant to the provisions of Section 7-479a et. Seq. of Connecticut General Statutes, for workers' compensation coverage. The Town pays an annual premium for its coverage. CIRMA is to be self-sustaining through members' premiums but reinsures in excess of \$750,000 (not rounded) for each insured occurrence.

(In Thousands)

The Town has chosen to establish a Self-Insurance Fund for risks associated with the employees' health insurance plan. This fund is accounted for as an Internal Service Fund where assets are set aside for claim settlements. A premium is charged for each employee enrolled in the Town's health insurance plan. The total charge allocated to each of the funds is calculated using employee rates determined by the self-insurance administrator.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that has been incurred but not reported (IBNR). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs) and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example for salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. Changes in the claims liability for the past two years are as follows:

	-	2015	_	2014
Claims payable, July 1	\$	1,296	\$	1,362
Claims incurred and changes in estimates Claim payments		18,312 (18,484)		19,070 (19,136)
Claim payments	-	(10,404)	-	(19,130)
Claims Payable, June 30	\$_	1,124	\$	1,296

B. Contingent Liabilities

There are various suits and claims pending against the Town, none of which, individually or in the aggregate, is believed by counsel to be likely to result in judgment or judgments that could materially affect the Town's financial position.

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

The Town may be subject to rebate penalties to the federal government relating to various bond and note issues. The Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

(In Thousands)

8. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT AND RESTATEMENT

The following restatements were recorded to the beginning of net position of the governmental activities as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27:

Net position at June 30, 2014, as previously reported	\$ 223,064
Adjustments:	
Eliminate net pension assets reported per GASB No. 27	(14)
Record net pension liability per GASB No. 68	(7,351)
Net Position at July 1, 2014, as Restated	\$ 215,699

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 15, 2015, the Town issued \$10,770 of refunding bonds notes maturing on June 15, 2028. The refunding bond carries interest rates ranging between 2.0-5.0%.

On August 11, 2015, the Town issued \$20,000 of general obligation bonds and \$10,000 of bond anticipation notes maturing on August 1, 2035 and August 10, 2016, respectively. The general obligation bond and the bond anticipation note carry interest rates ranging between 3.0-5.0% and 2.0%, respectively.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	_	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Property Taxes:							
Real estate	\$	68,489	\$	68,489	\$	68,490	\$ 1
Motor vehicle		7,938		7,938		7,736	(202)
Personal property		5,148		5,148		5,286	138
Prior year levy		300		300		1,745	1,445
Penalties and interest		650		650		1,005	355
Lien fees		10		10		12	2
Tax sale fees				2		7	5
Suspense list collections		10		10		4	(6)
Telephone access line		80		80		80	<u> </u>
Total property taxes	_	82,625	_	82,627	_	84,365	1,738
Intergovernmental:							
Hospital - PILOT		27		27		27	
Department of Housing - PILOT		80		80		79	(1)
Tax loss - state property		1,301		1,301		1,302	1
Tax loss - bingo		1		1			(1)
Tax relief - elderly frozen		2		2		2	-
Tax relief - elderly circuit breaker		360		360		326	(34)
Tax relief - disability exemption		5		5		5	-
Mashantucket Pequot Indians		1,452		1,452		1,450	(2)
Civil preparedness		12		12			(12)
Municipal revenue sharing		242		242		242	-
Tax relief - veterans additional		40		40		40	-
Town aid road grant		536		536		535	(1)
Education cost sharing		28,974		28,974		28,892	(82)
School transportation		483		483		489	6
Health services private schools		60		60		35	(25)
Miscellaneous federal grants						4	4
Miscellaneous state grants	_	12		20		37	17
Total intergovernmental	_	33,587		33,595	_	33,465	(130)
Charges For Services:							
Recording legal documents		150		150		183	33
Conveyance tax		250		250		246	(4)
Vital statistics		40		40		48	8
Planning and zoning fees		40		40		21	(19)
Zoning board of appeal fees		1		1		2	1
Miscellaneous clerk fees		40		40		36	(4)

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Photocopy charges	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ 13	\$ 7
Fire district tax collection	280	280	322	42
Communication center	175	175	99	(76)
Accident reports	4	4	5	1
Environment recycling programs	94	94	149	55
Bulky waste fees	200	200	163	(37)
Medicaid school based health	125	125	299	174
Other charges	2	2	3	1
Building and mechanical	510	553	793	240
Pistol permits	14	14	18	4
Vendor permits	1	1		(1)
Amusements	1	1		(1)
Dog licenses	5	5	5	-
Hunting and fishing	1	1		(1)
Marriage licenses	2	2	2	-
Sewer permits	2	2		(2)
Dump permits	11	11	20	9
Parking fines	7	7	4	(3)
Library fines	12	12	11	(1)
Alarm fines	20	20	12	(8)
Blight ordinance fines	2	2		(2)
Snow removal fines	1	1	13	12
Rental - Town owned property	40	40	72	32
Probate court space rental	12	12	7	(5)
Sale - cash	200	200	327	127
Sale - leaf bags	7	7	3	(4)
Insurance claims and refunds	150	150	85	(65)
Vehicle insurance reimbursement	45	45	2	(43)
Miscellaneous	131	134	59	(75)
Total charges for services	2,581	2,627	3,022	395
Interest:				
Interest on investments	110	110	83	(27)
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers in	377	377	377	
Use of fund balance	700	1,889		(1,889)
Total other financing sources	1,077	2,266	377	(1,889)

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Total	\$_	119,980	\$_	121,225 \$	121,312	\$ 87
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP rev State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to			tate			
Teachers' Retirement System for Town teach Capital lease issuance	ners ar	e not budget	ed		7,525	
Excess cost grant revenue is budgeted as a cr	redit to	education e	xpen	ditures	1,267	
Premium on bond issuance					1,449	
Out of district tuition is budgeted as a credit to	educa	ation expendi	tures		168	
Funds consolidated for GASB 54 purposes				_	7,351	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Exhibit IV					139,072	
				* =	::3,0:=	

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
General Government:				
	\$ 76	\$ 76	\$ 66	\$ 10
Town manager	466	466	439	27
Data processing and MIS	2,704	2,915	2,915	-
Town attorney	397	426	423	3
Probate court	34	34	21	13
Election/voter registration	125	125	124	1
Town clerk	477	484	482	2
Records manager	72	75	75	-
Personnel office	454	407	395	12
Finance administration	200	205	204	1
Treasury	382	382	378	4
Assessment and revenue collection	574		555	16
General services	138	138	138	-
Board of assessment appeals	4	4	3	1
Enfield revitalization committee	2	2	1	1
Cultural arts	9	9	9	-
Ethics committee	1	1		1
Keep Enfield beautiful	9	9	9	-
Historic district commission	3	3	2	1
Loan review committee	1	1		1
Economic development commission	1	1		1
Land use commission	41	56	38	18
Community response team	7	7	0.077	7
Total general government	6,177	6,397	6,277	120
Public Safety:				
Police services	11,121	11,201	11,173	28
School security	795	688	669	19
Public safety communications	1,184	1,210	1,196	14
Emergency management	5	5	1	4
Total public safety	13,105	13,104	13,039	65
Public Works:				
Public works administration	670	670	661	9
Maintenance/buildings and grounds	5,346	5,766	5,756	10
Custodial maintenance	4,247	4,057	4,040	17
Highway and sanitation supervision	1,917	2,327	2,302	25
Equipment maintenance and repair	1,221	1,187	1,174	13
Refuse collection	3,391	3,052	3,042	10
Total public works	16,792	17,059	16,975	84

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Library:					
Public library	\$	1,579 \$	1,634 \$	1,624 \$	10
E-TV		84	84	80	4
Total library		1,663	1,718	1,704	14
Planning and Development:					
Town planner		268	275	270	5
Building inspection		376	435	426	9
Community development		178	178	164	14
Economic development		159	187	185	2
Code enforcement		227	164	152	12
Thompsonville Revitalization		271	246	243	3
Total planning and development		1,479	1,485	1,440	45
Intergovernmental and Interagency:					
Capital region council of governments		29	29	29	-
Capital region growth council		9	9	9	-
Enfield cemetery association		34	34	34	-
Enfield historical society		15	15	15	-
Connecticut conference of municipalities		32	32	32	-
National league of cities		4	4		4
Enfield veteran's council		45	45	45	-
District fire marshal fees		1	1		1
North central health district		209	209	209	-
Clean energy committee		1	1		1
Celebrations and special events		62	62	58	4
High school safe graduation		1	1		1
Greater Hartford transit district		6	6	6	-
Housing education resource		4	4	4	-
Connecticut river assembly		1	1		1
Athletic hall of fame		11	1	1_	
Total intergovernmental and interagency		454	454	442	12
Board of Education	_	64,262	64,262	64,123	139

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	_	Original Budget	. <u>-</u>	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget
Nondepartmental:	Φ	000	Φ	700	φ	700	Φ	
Insurance and bond charges Employee benefit	\$	632 2,824	\$	726 3,552	\$	726 3,552	\$	-
Miscellaneous charges		2,444		1,946		1,946		-
Total nondepartmental	_	5,900	. <u>-</u>	6,224	. –	6,224	. – . –	-
Debt Service	_	4,802	_	4,869	_	4,869		<u>-</u>
Transfer Out	_	5,346		5,653	_	5,653		
Total	\$_	119,980	\$	121,225	\$	120,746	\$_	479
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expensive of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the Cornectirement System for Town teachers are not budget and commitments or in the year the order is placed for budgetary purpo	nect geted ered	icut State Te d but not rece	ach ivec	l are reporte	d	7,525		
financial reporting purposes Capital lease issuance						(31)		
Transfers out eliminated for GASB 54 purposes						(3,241)		
Excess cost grant revenue is budgeted as a credit to		•		ures		1,267		
Out of district tuition is budgeted as a credit to educ	ation	expenditure	S			168		
Funds consolidated for GASB 54 purposes Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Rep Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Bala Exhibit IV					\$	136,735	-	

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS EMPLOYEE'S PENSION PLAN LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

		2014		2015
Total pension liability:	_		•	
Service cost	\$	1,971	\$	2,064
Interest		4,227		4,457
Differences between expected and actual experience including assumption changes				(627)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,797)	_	(2,827)
Net change in total pension liability		3,401		3,067
Total pension liability - beginning	_	59,675	_	63,076
Total pension liability - ending	_	63,076		66,143
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer		2,239		2,128
Contributions - member		711		778
Net investment income		7,808		2,660
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,797)		(2,827)
Administrative expense		(77)		(96)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		7,884		2,643
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		51,446		59,330
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		59,330		61,973
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	3,746	\$_	4,170
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		94.06%		93.70%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	20,611	\$	21,017
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		18.17%		19.84%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions. In 2015, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from adjusting the investment return assumption from 7.25% to 7.00% and from changing the salary scale from 4.25% to 4.25% for the first five years and 4% thereafter.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION PLAN LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

		2014		2015
Total pension liability:				
Service cost	\$	921	\$	962
Interest		3,758		3,910
Differences between expected and actual experience				(187)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,170)		(2,113)
Net change in total pension liability		2,509		2,572
Total pension liability - beginning		52,897		55,406
Total pension liability - ending	_	55,406	_	57,978
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer		1,378		1,428
Contributions - member		443		545
Net investment income		6,735		2,368
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,170)		(2,113)
Administrative expense		(78)		(86)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		6,308		2,142
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		45,493		51,801
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		51,801		53,943
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	3,605	\$	4,035
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		93.49%		93.04%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,918	\$	6,263
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		60.92%		64.43%

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEE'S PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	_	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$_	1,148 \$ 1,148	1,134 \$ 1,134	1,061 \$ 1,068	1,171 \$ 1,171	1,388 \$ 1,397	1,678 \$ 1,678	1,699 \$ 1,699	2,083 \$ 2,083	2,239 \$ 2,239	2,128 2,128
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	\$	\$	(7) \$	\$	(9) \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	17,795 \$	19,198 \$	18,873 \$	19,921 \$	19,496 \$	19,894 \$	20,851 \$	20,851 \$	20,611 \$	21,017
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.45%	5.91%	5.66%	5.88%	7.17%	8.43%	8.15%	9.99%	10.86%	10.13%

Notes to Schedule

Disability

Valuation date: July 1, 2014
Measurement date: June 30, 2015

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Changes i

Changes in assumptions and differences between assumptions and actual experience are recognized over the average remaining years of employment of employees. Differences between expected earnings on plan investments and actual investment earning are recognized over

a five year period. Changes in benefit terms are recognized immediately.

Asset valuation method Valued at contract value with a market value adjustment factor for the Guaranteed Deposit Account Assets and at market value for Separate

accounts, which is considered the best representation of Fair value. The market value of Guaranteed Deposit Account is an estimate only and not the result of the precise calculation which would be done at contract discontinuance or to measure the impact of excess withdrawals

in any calendar year.

Inflation 3.50%

Salary increases 4.25% for the first five years and 3% thereafter

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of investment and contract fees, including inflation

Termination Prudential Term Scale D

Survivor's benefit

It is assumed husbands are 3 years older than wives and that 80% of the male participants and 60% of the female participants who are or will

become eligible for coverage under the Survivor's Benefit will be survived by an eligible survivor.

The 1987 Commissioner's Group Disability with a six month elimination period was used.

Retirement age Age 62 is assumed retired at 25% and age 65 at 100%. Participants at or beyond age 65 are assumed to retire

Mortality RP-2000 Group Annuity Mortality Table projected to 2010 for Males or Females, as appropriate.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	_	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	315 \$ 315	556 \$ 556	548 \$ 551	785 \$ 785	1,075 \$ 1,082	1,218 \$ 1,218	1,216 \$ 1,216	1,239 \$ 1,239	1,378 \$ 1,378	1,427 1,427
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	\$	\$	(3) \$	\$	(7) \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,520 \$	5,456 \$	6,008 \$	5,920 \$	6,226 \$	6,636 \$	6,381 \$	6,381 \$	5,918 \$	6,263
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.71%	10.19%	9.17%	13.26%	17.38%	18.35%	19.06%	19.42%	23.28%	22.78%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2014 Measurement date: June 30, 2015

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Changes in assumptions and differences between assumptions and actual experience are recognized over the average remaining years of

employment of employees. Differences between expected earnings on plan investments and actual investment earning are recognized over a

five year period. Changes in benefit terms are recognized immediately.

Asset valuation method Valued at contract value with a market value adjustment factor for the Guaranteed Deposit Account Assets and at market value for Separate

accounts, which is considered the best representation of Fair value. The market value of Guaranteed Deposit Account is an estimate only and not the result of the precise calculation which would be done at contract discontinuance or to measure the impact of excess withdrawals in any

calendar year.

Inflation 4.00%

Salary increases 4.25%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of investment and contract fees

Estimated expenses \$36

Termination Prudential Term Scale D

Survivor's benefit It is assumed husbands are 3 years older than wives and that 80% of the male participants and 60% of the female participants who are or will

become eligible for coverage under the Survivor's Benefit will be survived by an eligible survivor.

Disability The 1987 Commissioner's Group Disability with a six month elimination period was used.

Retirement age Age of 55 and the completion of 20 years of service. Participants at or beyond this age and service are assumed to retire immediately.

Mortality RP-2000 Group Annuity Mortality Table projected to 2010 for Males or Females, as appropriate.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense:		
Employee's Pension Plan	4.5%	15.2%
Police Pension Plan	4.6%	14.9%

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FISCAL YEAR

(ln	Th	าดเ	ısa	nds)
---	----	----	-----	-----	-----	---

	_	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	_	100,299
Total	\$	100,299
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$	37,326
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.51%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms None

Changes of assumptions During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement and assumed

rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and

anticipated experience. These assumptions were

recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System

for the five-year period ended June 30, 2010.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent of salary, closed

Remaining amortization period 22.4 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS

GENERAL FUND

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the principal fund of the Town and is used to account for all activities of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund accounts for the normal recurring activities of the Town (i.e., general government, public safety, public works, health and social services, education, etc.). These activities are funded principally by property taxes, user fees and grants from other governmental units.

In addition, the Town has a number of funds that do not meet the definition of a special revenue fund according to GASB Statement No. 54 as their revenues are not committed or restricted to a specific purpose. The following funds are combined with the general fund:

General Government Grants - To account for general government grants

Schools Miscellaneous - To account for fees and local funding for rental of school facilities, drivers education, non-grant portion of adult education and retiree insurance co-pays

Emergency Medical Services - To account for fees and services for emergency medical aid and transportation

Revaluation - To account for funding of ten year revaluation

Social Services - To account for the operations of the social service divisions

Emergency Fuel Bank - To account for fuel for needy families

Elderly Relief - To account for funding for elderly programs

Recreation - To account for funding for recreational programs

Police Outside Services - To account for police special duty services

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)	_	General	_	General Government Grants	-	School Miscellaneous	-	Emergency Medical Services	Revaluation	-	Social Services
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Advances to other funds Prepaid assets	\$	12,959 8,241 6,249 4,770 2,492 2,092	\$	142	\$	326 778	\$	1,435	\$ 684	\$	83 189
Total Assets	\$_	36,803	\$_	142	\$	1,104	\$	1,435	\$ 684	\$_	272
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	2,516 1,586	\$	15	\$	6 2	\$	122 786	\$ 516	\$	181 407 4
Total liabilities	-	4,102	_	15	-	8	-	908	516	-	592
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - EMS receivable Unavailable revenue - grants receivable Advance property tax collections	_	5,555 2,500	_		_		_	1,168		_	22
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	8,055	_		-		-	1,168		-	22
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Committed Assigned		4,584 2,171		127		1,096			168		
Unassigned Total fund balances	-	17,891 24,646	_	127	-	1,096	-	(641) (641)	168	-	(342)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ <u></u>	36,803	\$_	142	\$	1,104	\$	1,435	\$ 684	\$_	272

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2015

(iii modsaids)	Emergency Fuel Bank Elderly Relief Recreation Outs					Police Outside Services	-	Interfund Eliminations	<u>.</u>	Total Seneral Fund	
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Advances to other funds Prepaid assets	\$	\$ 	98	\$	518 9	\$	96	\$	(1,815)	\$	14,842 9,019 7,969 3,058 2,492 2,101
Total Assets	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 98	\$	527	\$	226	\$	(1,815)	\$	39,481
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$		\$ 	\$	22 71 93	\$	15	\$	(1,815)	\$	2,877 1,482 75 4,434
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - EMS receivable Unavailable revenue - grants receivable Advance property tax collections Total deferred inflows of resources				-				<u>.</u>			5,555 1,168 22 2,500 9,245
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances		5	98	-	9 425 434		211	-		_	4,593 2,130 2,171 16,908 25,802
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	<u> </u>	\$98_	\$	527	\$	226	\$	(1,815)	\$_	39,481

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)											
		General		General Government Grants		School Miscellaneous	Emergency Medical Services		Revaluation	;	Social Services
Revenues:	_	,	_		-						
Property taxes	\$	84,366	\$		\$	3	\$	\$		\$	
Intergovernmental		42,561		32							2,045
Charges for services		2,886		16		256	2,115				1,681
Contributions							2				230
Investment income	<u></u>	82	_			22		_			
Total revenues	_	129,895	_	48	-	278	2,117		<u> </u>		3,956
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government		6,277		38							
Public safety services		13,039									
Public works		16,975									
Health and social services							3,147				5,770
Library		1,694									
Planning and development		1,418									
Intergovernmental and interagency		442									
Education		73,083				399					
Non-departmental		6,225									
Capital outlay											
Debt service		4,869	_		_						
Total expenditures	_	124,022	_	38	-	399	3,147		<u> </u>		5,770
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over											
Expenditures	_	5,873	_	10	-	(121)	(1,030)				(1,814)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Premium on bond issuance		1,449									
Transfers in		377					1,025		90		1,945
Transfers out		(5,653)	_		_						
Net other financing sources (uses)	_	(3,827)	_	-	-		1,025		90		1,945
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,046		10		(121)	(5)		90		131
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	22,600	_	117	_	1,217	(636)		78		(473)
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	24,646	\$_	127	\$	1,096	\$ (641)	\$	168	\$	(342)

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

	Emergency Fuel Bank		Elderly Relief	_	Recreation	_	Police Outside Services	_	Interfund Eliminations		Total General Fund
Revenues:	_			_				_		_	
Property taxes	\$	9	5	\$		\$	3	\$	3	\$	84,366
Intergovernmental Charges for services					190		582				44,638 7,726
Contributions					190		302				232
Investment income											104
Total revenues		_		-	190	-	582	-		_	137,066
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government					443						6,758
Public safety services							504				13,543
Public works Health and social services											16,975 8,917
Library											1,694
Planning and development											1,418
Intergovernmental and interagency											442
Education											73,482
Non-departmental											6,225
Capital outlay											4.000
Debt service Total expenditures		_		-	443	-	504	-	-	_	4,869 134,323
		_		-	443	-		-		-	134,323
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		_	_		(253)		78		_		2,743
		_	-	=	(200)	_		-		-	2,1 10
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on bond issuance											1,449
Transfers in					361				(3,241)		557
Transfers out					33.				3,241		(2,412)
Net other financing sources (uses)		=		-	361	_		-		_	(406)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-		108		78		-		2,337
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	5	5_	98	-	326	_	133	_		_	23,465
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$5	<u>5</u> \$	98	\$	434	. \$	S211	\$	S	\$_	25,802

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			Lawful	Corrections	<u> </u>		_	Collections						
Grand List Year		Uncollected Taxes July 1, 2014	Additions	Deduction	Transfers to Suspense	 Adjusted Amount Collectible	_	Taxes	_	Suspense Collections	Interest and Lien Fees	_	Total	Uncollected Taxes June 30, 2015
Town Taxes:														
2013	\$	83,320	\$ 101			\$ 83,183	\$	81,517	\$;		\$	81,850 \$	
2012		1,704	70	22	<u>.</u>	1,752		1,070			330		1,400	682
2011		735	66		2	779		405			141		546	374
2010		427		2		425		158			84		242	267
2009		294		-		293		37			28		65	256
2008		246				245		19			19		38	226
2007		290		17	•	273		12			53		65	261
2006		242		• •		242		7			10		17	235
2005		352				352		8			12		20	344
2004		387				387							17	382
2004		253				253		5 4			12 5		9	362 249
													9 5	249
2002		46				46		2			3			44
2001		23				23		1		1	2		4	22
2000		20	1			21					1		1	21
1999		20				20					1		1	20
1998		17		_	<u> </u>	 17	_		_		1_	_	1	17
Town Tax Total	_	88,376	238	300	<u> </u>	 88,311	_	83,245	_	1_	1,035	_	84,281	5,066
Fire Taxes:														
2013		10,831	147	280)	10,698		10,514			47		10,561	184
2012		178	12	4		186		117			28		145	69
2011		84	9			93		44			16		60	49
2010		50				49		13			9		22	36
2009		35	1			36		4			4		8	32
2008		29				29		1			2		3	28
2007		34				33		1			1		2	32
2006		29				29		. 1			1		2	28
2005		43				43		1			1		2	42
2003		37				37		ı			1		1	37
											1		ı	37 27
2003		27				27							-	
2002		4	1			5							-	5
2001		3		•		2							-	2
2000		3		•		2							-	2
1999		2				2							-	2
1998		2	-	_		 2	_		_			_	-	2
Fire Tax Total	_	11,391	170	288	<u> </u>	 11,273	_	10,696	_		110	_	10,806	577
Total	\$	99,767	\$ 408	\$ 59°	\$ -	\$ 99,584	\$	93,941	\$	1 :	\$ 1,145	\$	95,087 \$	5,643

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - SOCIAL SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	-	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual	,	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,978	\$	2,268	\$	2,045	\$	(223)
Charges for services	•	1,851	Ť	1,839	,	1,681	•	(158)
Contributions		132		128		230		102
Use of fund balance		20		106				(106)
Total revenues	-	3,981	-	4,341		3,956	•	(385)
Expenditures: Current:								
Health and social services	-	5,918	_	6,286		5,895		391
Total expenditures	-	5,918	-	6,286		5,895	•	391
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures		(1,937)		(1,945)		(1,939)		6
Other Financing Sources:								
Transfers in	-	1,937	-	1,945		1,945	·	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$_			6	\$	6
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year						(414)		
Fund Balance at End of Year					\$	(408)		
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis						Fund		
	-	Revenues	_	Expenditures		Balance		
Balance, Budgetary Basis - June 30, 2015 Encumbrances outstanding at end of year,	\$	3,956	\$	5,895	\$	(408)		
charged to budgetary expenditures Prior year encumbrances charged				(125)		125		
to budgetary last year	-		_			(59)		
Balance, GAAP basis - June 30, 2015	\$	3,956	\$_	5,770	\$	(342)		

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	_	Actual	-	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues: Charges for services Contributions Total revenues	\$ 	2,160 \$	2,160	\$	2,115 2 2,117	\$	(45) 2 (43)
Expenditures: Current: Health and social services	_	3,111	3,398	_	3,189	-	209_
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures		(951)	(1,238)		(1,072)	-	166
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in Use of fund balance Total other financing sources		951 951	1,034 204 1,238	_	1,025	-	(9) (204) (213)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	<u> </u>			(47)	\$	(47)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				_	(840)		
Fund Balance at End of Year				\$_	(887)		

Reconciliation to GAAP Basis

	į	Expenditures	Fund Balance
Balance, Budgetary Basis - June 30, 2015 Encumbrances outstanding at end of year,	\$	3,189	\$ (887)
charged to budgetary expenditures		(246)	246
Prior year encumbrances charged to budgetary last year	,	204	
Balance, GAAP basis - June 30, 2015	\$	3,147	\$ (641)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The Special Revenue Funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. The nature and purpose of each Special Revenue Fund is as follows:

Fund	Funding Source	Function
Cafeteria	Sales and grants	School lunch program
Dog	License fees, fines and	Operation of animal control
	Town appropriation	
Open Space Acquisition	Local funding	General government
Community Development	Federal grants	Federal housing funds
Public Library	State funds and public gifts	Library support
Drug Enforcement Education	State grant	Drug enforcement activities
Grants		
Town Memorial	Donations	Town Green and Memorial
Educational Grants	State and Federal grants	Special Education programs
Scholarship	Donations	Student scholarships
Maciolek Post Ambulance	Donations	Purchase of ambulances

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes as categorized by the fund title. The Library Trust Fund is the Town's only permanent fund. It accounts for the funds endowed to the Town to benefit the Town's Library services. (Phelps Fund, H.F. Fletecher Fund, J. Pickens Fund, C. P. Cope Fund, H.A. Mosley Fund and Wrona Fund).

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

	_						Specia		enue Funds Drug								F	Permanent Funds		Total
	_	Cafeteria	Dog	_	Open Space Acquisition	Community Development	ıblic orary	Ed	forcement ducation Grant	Town Memorial	_	Scholarship		Educational Grants	_	Macioek Post Ambulance	_	Library Trust	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS																				
Cash Investments Receivables Due from other funds Inventory	\$	493 190 87	\$ 5	54 :	\$ 772 	\$ 598 1,695	\$ 217 69	\$	92 \$ 55	97	\$	284	\$	125 33 8	\$	231	\$	63	\$	3,026 69 1,973 8 87
Total Assets	\$_	770	\$\$	54	\$ 772	\$2,293	\$ 286	\$	147 \$	97	\$	284	\$	166	\$_	231	\$_	63	\$_	5,163
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																				
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	16 10 26		31 : 31	163	\$ 3 309 312	\$ 7	\$	3 \$		\$ - -		\$	8 158 166	\$		\$	<u>-</u> _	\$	68 472 168 708
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - grants receivable Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	_			<u>-</u>		1,695 1,695	 		<u>-</u>		-		· -		=	<u>-</u> _	_ _	<u>-</u> _	_	1,695 1,695
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Total fund balances	_	87 657		23	609		279 279		144	97 97	-	284 284	-		-	231 231	_ _	37 26 63	_	124 801 1,835 2,760
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	770	\$	54_ S	\$ <u>772</u>	\$	\$ 286	\$	<u>147</u> \$	97	\$	284	\$	166	\$	231	\$_	63	\$_	5,163

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

					Special	Revenue Funds					Permanent Fund	
	Cafeteria	n Dog	Open Space Acquisition	Community Development	Public Library	Drug Enforcement Education Grant	Town Memorial	Scholarship	Educational Grants	Macioek Post Ambulance	Library Trust	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:												
	\$ 967			\$ 241	\$ 9	\$ 110	\$	\$	4,052	5	\$	\$ 5,379
Charges for services	838	3 22		45	4							909
Investment income	1				12							13
Contributions and donations		4			1		38					43
Other income					5							5
Total revenues	1,806	3 26		286	31	110	38		4,052			6,349
Expenditures: Current:												
General government				305			34					339
Public safety		50				122						172
Library					30							30
Education	1,791							15	4,052			5,858
Total expenditures	1,791	50		305	30	122	34	15	4,052			6,399
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	15	5 (24	<u> </u>	(19)	1	(12)	4	(15)				(50)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		12				41				(180)		53 (180)
Net other financing sources (uses)		- 12		-		41				(180)	-	(127)
Net Change in Fund Balances	15	5 (12) -	(19)	1	29	4	(15)	-	(180)	-	(177)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	729	35	609	305	278	115	93	299		411	63	2,937
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 744	\$ 23	\$ 609	\$ 286	\$ 279	\$ 144	\$97_	\$ 284 \$	S	231	\$ 63	\$2,760

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - WATER POLLUTION CONTROL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	_	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$		\$		\$	139	\$	139
Intergovernmental revenue		311		311		264		(47)
Charges for services		5,900		5,900		4,203		(1,697)
Other revenue		15		15		3		(12)
Total revenues	_	6,226	_	6,226	_	4,609	_	(1,617)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public works		5,511		6,075		5,480	_	595
Total expenditures	_	5,511		6,075		5,480	_	595
Excess of (Deficiency) Revenues over								
Expenditures	_	715		151	_	(871)	_	(1,022)
Other Financing Uses:								
Use of fund balance				564				(564)
Transfers out		(715)		(715)		(377)	_	338
Total other financing uses	_	(715)		(151)		(377)	_	(226)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_		\$_			(1,248)	\$_	(1,248)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year						(3,561)		
Fund Balance at End of Year					\$	(4,809)		

Reconciliation to GAAP Basis

	Expenditures	 Fund Balance
Balance, Budgetary Basis - End of Year Sencumbrances outstanding at end of year,		\$ (4,809)
charged to budgetary expenditures	(1,129)	 1,129
Balance, GAAP Basis - June 30, 2015	\$4,728	\$ (3,680)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service funds are used for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Town, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund - To account for the revenues and related expenses for the health self-insurance plan for employees.

Information Technology Fund - Accounts for the financial operation of the central information systems department.

Commercial Liability Fund - Accounts for the commercial liability insurance activities at the Town.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	•	Health Insurance Fund	_	Information Technology Fund	_	Commercial Liability Fund	. <u>-</u>	Total
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,649	\$		\$	1,159	\$	2,808
Investments						402		402
Accounts receivable, net		17		49				66
Prepaid items				15		2		17
Due from other funds	į	1,183	-				_	1,183
Total assets		2,849	-	64	-	1,563		4,476
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses				56		73		129
Claims payable		1,124						1,124
Due to other funds		14	-	41	_			55
Total liabilities		1,138	-	97	-	73	_	1,308
Net Position:								
Unrestricted	,	1,711	•	(33)	•	1,490		3,168
Total Net Position	\$	1,711	\$	(33)	\$	1,490	\$_	3,168

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Health Insurance Fund	_	Information Technology Fund	Commercial Liability Fund		Total
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services Intergovernmental	\$ 15,053	\$	3,661 39	\$ 1,268	\$	19,982 39
Total operating revenues	15,053		3,700	1,268		20,021
Operating Expenses:	10.101					10.404
Health insurance claims Risk management claims	18,484			1,268		18,484 1,268
Technology services Total operating expenses	18,484	-	3,753 3,753	1,268		3,753 23,505
rotal operating expenses	10,404	-	3,733	1,200		23,303
Operating Loss	(3,431)		(53)			(3,484)
Nonoperating Revenues: Income on investments	2	-		4		6
Change in Net Position	(3,429)		(53)	4		(3,478)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	5,140	-	20	1,486	_	6,646
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 1,711	\$_	(33)	\$ 1,490	\$_	3,168

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT **COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS** INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

	Health Insurance Fund	Information Technology Fund	_	Commercial Liability Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from charges for services Payments for claims, premiums and fees Net cash used in operating activities	\$ 15,144 (18,684) (3,540)	\$ 3,683 (3,793) (110)	\$	1,268 \$ (1,528) (260)	20,095 (24,005) (3,910)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Sales of investments Investment income Net cash provided by investing activities	2 2		<u>-</u>	727 4 731	727 6 733
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(3,538)	(110)		471	(3,177)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	5,187	110	_	688	5,985
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 1,649	\$ 	\$_	1,159 \$	2,808
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$ (3,431)	\$ (53)	\$_	\$	(3,484)
Change in assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses Decrease (increase) in due from other funds Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other payables Increase (decrease) in claims payable Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Total adjustments	(11) 102 (42) (172) 14 (109)	(17) (15) (66) 41 (57)	=	57 (317) (260)	(28) (15) 102 (51) (172) (262) (426)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$ (3,540)	\$ (110)	\$_	(260) \$	(3,910)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Trust Funds

The *Pension Trust Fund* is used to account for the activities of the Enfield Employees Retirement System.

The *OPEB Trust Fund* is used to account for the retiree health benefits of the single-employer defined benefit plan.

Agency Funds

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations, but are merely clearing accounts. There is no fund equity. The Town has seven agency funds: The Student Activity Funds, Performance Bonds Fund, Employee Insurance - Board of Education Fund, Cultural Arts Commission Fund, and Smyth Bus Contract Bond Fund. The Student Activity Funds account for monies generated by student activities in the Enfield School System.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		Pension		OPEB		
	_	Trust Fund	•	Trust Fund	_	Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	163	\$	163
Investments:					_	
Certificates of deposit						
Stocks				2,483		2,483
Municipal bonds				606		606
Corporate bonds				256		256
Deferred retirement option program		1,039				1,039
Mutual funds				785		785
Guaranteed deposit		21,698				21,698
Insurance company-pooled separate account		85,944				85,944
Real estate funds	_	7,235	_		_	7,235
Total investments	_	115,916	•	4,130	_	120,046
Total assets	\$_	115,916	\$	4,293	=	120,209
Net Position:						
Held in Trust for Other Purposes	\$_	115,916	\$	4,293	\$_	120,209

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Pension Trust Fund		OPEB Trust Fund		Total
Additions:	-		•		_	
Contributions:						
Employer contributions	\$	3,556	\$	1,403	\$	4,959
Employee contributions		1,323				1,323
Total contributions	-	4,879	,	1,403	_	6,282
Investment income:						
Interest and dividends		3,070		90		3,160
Net increase in fair value of investments	_	2,337		98	_	2,435
Total investment gain	_	5,407		188		5,595
Less investment expenses:						
Investment management fees		379				379
Net investment income	-	5,028	i	188	_	5,216
Total additions	-	9,907		1,591	_	11,498
Deductions:						
Benefits paid		4,940		1,253		6,193
Administration expenses		182		56		238
Total deductions	-	5,122		1,309		6,431
Change in Net Position		4,785		282		5,067
Net Position at Beginning of Year	-	111,131	•	4,011	_	115,142
Net Position at End of Year	\$	115,916	\$	4,293	\$_	120,209

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	 Deductions	<u>.</u> -	Balance June 30, 2015
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Student activity funds	\$ 417 \$	678	\$ 681	\$	414
Employee Insurance - Board of Education	25	66	75		16
Performance bonds	1,088	142	279		951
Cultural Arts Commission	27	13	10		30
Smyth Bus Contract Bond	100				100
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,657	899	 1,045		1,511
Total Assets	\$ 1,657 \$	899	\$ 1,045	\$	1,511
Liabilities: Deposits held for others:					
Student activity funds	\$ 390 \$	678	\$ 681	\$	387
Employee Insurance - Board of Education	25	66	75		16
Performance bonds	863	142	54		951
Cultural Arts Commission	27	13	10		30
Smyth Bus Contract Bond	100				100
Total deposits held for others	1,405	899	 820		1,484
Accounts payable:					
Student activity funds	27				27
Performance bonds	225		225	_	
Total accounts payable	252	-	 225		27
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,657 \$	899	\$ 1,045	\$	1,511

STATISTICAL SECTION

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

		Fiscal Year										
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
Governmental Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	94,180 \$ 60 31,799	183,330 \$ 62 34,133	182,424 \$ 64 36,178	174,618 \$ 65 41,210	186,149 \$ 1,905 27,376	189,683 \$ 6,057 24,273	191,750 \$ 1,983 26,465	189,574 \$ 1,852 29,354	192,678 \$ 1,782 21,239	221,663 1,758 18,082	
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$_	126,039 \$	217,525 \$	218,666 \$	215,893 \$	215,430 \$	220,013 \$	220,198 \$	220,780 \$	215,699 \$	241,503	

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT **CHANGES IN NET POSITION** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year											
	2006	2007	2008	2009)	2010		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Expenses:												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 5,238	\$ 5,680	\$ 5,774	\$ 5,3	251 \$	6,054	\$	6,246 \$	12,111 \$	7,304 \$	9,552 \$	9,040
Public safety	11,194	11,094	11,524	11,0	041	11,843		12,244	12,612	13,134	16,121	15,315
Recreation	438	521	551		478	30		30	30	29		
Public works	18,511	20,209	21,396	20,	017	24,585		22,456	25,465	25,388	25,829	26,430
Health and social services	7,706	8,255	7,621	8,	176	8,193		8,481	8,761	8,837	9,157	9,600
Library	1,757	1,741		1,	720	1,766		1,790	1,773	1,789	1,809	1,858
Planning and development	809	789	985	í	357	1,152		1,073	1,165	1,326	1,234	1,518
Intergovernment and interagency	431	347			373	, -		,	,	,	, -	,
Education	79,465	81,709		88,		81,373		82,836	83,469	84,160	86,343	83,736
Interest on long-term debt	1,062	950		,	269	1,337		1,107	1,116	875	922	2,683
Total governmental activities	.,002		.,,,,,			.,00.		.,	.,	0.0		2,000
expenses	126,611	131,295	158,086	137,	116	136,333		136,263	146,502	142,842	150,967	150,180
схрепаса	120,011	101,200	100,000	107,	110	100,000		100,200	140,002	142,042	100,001	100,100
Program Revenues:												
Governmental activities:												
Charges for services:												
General government	1,570	1,292	1,247		979	1,499		1,410	2,000	1,801	4,035	3,134
Public safety	303	321	335		149	660		944	634	459	451	603
Recreation, arts and culture	127	138	308	;	376	193		225	141	192		
Public works	1,186	1,134	2,129	1.0	060	1,108		1,381	1,077	2,255	2,268	5,058
Health and social services	2,412	3,569			260	3,995		3,943	4,477	3,788	4,070	4,219
Library	29	24	,	-,-	21	21		24	24	17	18	16
Planning and development	91	167			59	59		33	28	41		
Education	4,065	4,069		3.0	683	3,583		2,626	1,529	1,757	3,798	1,094
Operating grants and contributions	36,301	37,194		40,		42,158		45,292	46,569	45,565	48,368	46,447
Capital grants and contributions	1,794	5,392			500	2,668		5,003	8,829	4,622	3,986	28,935
Total governmental activities	1,701	0,002				2,000		0,000	0,020	1,022	0,000	20,000
program revenues	47,878	53,300	76,337	52,	186	55,944		60,881	65,308	60,497	66,994	89,506
program revenues	47,070		70,001	<u> </u>	100	00,044		00,001	00,000	00,401	00,00+	00,000
Net (expense) revenue:												
Governmental activities	(78,733)	(77,995	(81,749)	(84,	930)	(80,389)		(75,382)	(81,194)	(82,345)	(83,973)	(60,674)
	(: 5): 55/					(30,000)		(10)0007	(0.1).0.1/	(0=,0 10)	(00)0:07	(55,51.1/
General Revenues and Other Changes in												
Net Position:												
Governmental activities:												
Property taxes	73,141	76,232	76,103	76,	668	75,936		76,638	77,384	79,475	84,360	84,230
Grants and contributions not restricted												
to specific programs	4,670	5,727	5,098	4.0	661	3,399		3,091	3,538	3,333	1,708	2,065
Unrestricted investment earnings	2,128	2,975			328	591		236	457	119	189	183
Miscellaneous	383	709										
Total governmental activities	80,322	85,643		82,	157	79,926	_	79,965	81,379	82,927	86,257	86,478
5 g						,	_	-,	,	,		22,0
Change in Net Position:												
Governmental activities	\$ 1,589	\$ 7,648	\$ <u>1,141</u>	\$(2,	773) \$	(463)	\$	4,583 \$	185 \$	582 \$	2,284 \$	25,804

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year																
		2006		2007		2008	_	2009	2010		2011	2012		2013	2014	_	2015
General Fund:																	
Nonspendable Committed	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$		\$	3,823 \$	3,732	\$	4,310 \$	4,624 1,968	\$	4,593 2,130
Assigned											1,448	2,569		1,592	832		2,171
Unassigned		4.070		0.007		004		2.000	4.007		13,113	11,784		13,525	16,041		16,908
Reserved Unreserved		1,678 16,745		2,007 17,888		931 20,777		3,908 15,234	4,237 14,027								
Officacived	_	10,7 40		17,000	_	20,111	_	10,204	14,021	_	 -		_			_	
Total General Fund	\$	18,423	\$	19,895	\$	21,708	\$_	19,142 \$	18,264	\$	18,384 \$	18,085	\$_	19,427 \$	23,465	\$	25,802
All Other Governmental Funds:																	
Nonspendable	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$		\$	197 \$	196	\$	196 \$	149	\$	124
Restricted											2,117	1,961		701	732		801
Committed Assigned											7,525	2,839 5,648		3,354 3,552	5,902		5,430
Unassigned											(3,681)	(13,146)		(9,746)	(14,415)		(10,184)
Reserved		5,100		10,395		4,486		2,715	3,215		, ,	, , ,		, ,	(, ,		, , ,
Unreserved, reported in:																	
Special Revenue Funds		(1,950)		42		(43)		(485)	(2,392)								
Capital Projects Funds		6,481		(812)		9,676		9,790	7,004								
Permanent Funds		21		23	_	25	_	26	25				_				
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	9,652	\$	9,648	\$	14,144	\$_	12,046 \$	7,852	\$	6,158 \$	(2,502)	\$_	(1,943) \$	(7,632)	\$	(3,829)

The Town implemented GASB No. 54 in fiscal year 2011, which changed the Town's method of reporting governmental fund balance.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year										
	_	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues:											
Property taxes	\$	72,430 \$	75,769 \$	75,714 \$	77,302 \$	75,870 \$	75,675 \$	76,401 \$	79,821 \$	84,438 \$	84,505
Intergovernmental		42,401	48,089	69,320	45,817	46,510	51,949	54,327	58,667	54,709	77,828
Charges for services		10,199	11,188	8,254	10,849	11,010	10,586	9,914	10,144	13,931	12,876
Contributions		238	199	62	176	104	733	243	117	253	275
Investment income		1,680	2,301	1,708	828	421	197	440	87	189	182
Other revenues	_	143	32	6,156	218	109	110	2	6	10	45
Total revenues	_	127,091	137,578	161,214	135,190	134,024	139,250	141,327	148,842	153,530	175,711
Expenditures:											
General government		3,952	4,220	5,206	4,763	5,102	5,680	10,510	6,909	6,684	7,097
Public safety		8,464	7,624	9,802	10,171	11,041	11,846	11,874	12,225	12,974	13,715
Recreation		415	421	507	449						
Public works		13,521	12,962	14,125	13,239	20,406	18,247	18,636	18,949	19,605	21,326
Health and social services		5,948	7,015	7,674	7,997	7,606	7,931	8,343	8,353	8,557	8,917
Library		1,201	1,265	1,565	1,578	1,554	1,614	1,603	1,593	1,630	1,724
Planning and development		729	728	974	857	1,152	1,073	1,165	1,326	1,204	1,418
Intergovernmental and interagency		431	347	364	373	384	403	413	448	435	442
Education		77,705	80,284	105,828	83,057	75,928	78,693	78,875	79,292	82,902	79,340
Nondepartmental		8,555	8,894	4,122	4,482	8,018	4,987	5,742	4,995	5,453	6,225
Capital outlay		6,983	8,376	20,184	7,851	4,964	8,057	14,243	12,684	13,001	50,908
Debt service:											
Principal		3,000	3,000	3,000	3,850	4,130	2,400	2,860	2,093	1,947	3,336
Interest		1,088	974	934	1,568	1,345	1,177	1,092	875	1,572	1,572
Total expenditures	_	131,992	136,110	174,285	140,235	141,630	142,108	155,356	149,742	155,964	196,020
Excess of revenues over (under)											
expenditures	_	(4,901)	1,468	(13,071)	(5,045)	(7,606)	(2,858)	(14,029)	(900)	(2,434)	(20,309)
Other financing sources (uses):											
Proceeds from bonds				19,000	10,395						
Capital lease issuance		51			437	1,072	1,287	4,285	2,707	783	25,000
Proceeds from refunding bonds						10,395					
Payments to escrow agents						(12,627)					
Proceeds on bond premiums						1,009			94		1,449
Transfers in		8,374	8,248	8,248	11,649	11,671	5,264	4,734	4,447	4,705	3,469
Transfers out		(8,269)	(8,248)	(8,248)	(11,349)	(8,986)	(5,264)	(3,949)	(4,447)	(4,705)	(3,469)
Total other financing sources	_	156	-	19,000	11,132	2,534	1,287	5,070	2,801	783	26,449
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(4,745) \$	1,468 \$	5,929 \$	6,087 \$	(5,072) \$	(1,571) \$	(8,959) \$	1,901 \$	(1,651) \$	6,140
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		3.6%	3.3%	3.1%	2.6%	4.1%	4.0%	4.0%	2.8%	2.2%	2.5%
Mondapital Expenditures		3.070	3.370	3.1%	2.070	4.170	4.070	4.070	2.070	Z.Z.70	2.5%

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

		Real Property				Less	Total Taxable	Total Direct	Estimated Actual	Taxable Assessed Assessed Value As a Percentage
Fiscal Year	Residential	Commercial Industrial	Land	Personal Property	Motor Vehicle	Tax Exempt Property	Assessed Value	Tax Rate	Taxable Value	of Actual Taxable Value
2015	\$ 1,796,940 \$	592,825	\$ 33,312	\$ 204,876	\$ 261,380	\$ 38,239 \$	2,851,094	29.13	\$ 4,072,991	70%
2014	1,795,479	604,574	33,473	198,099	252,396	38,698	2,845,323	29.26	4,064,747	70%
2013(a)	1,795,350	611,232	35,112	194,670	258,008	41,300	2,853,072	27.84	4,075,817	70%
2012	2,113,105	683,778	26,923	181,749	245,484	37,669	3,213,370	23.88	4,590,529	70%
2011	2,109,385	682,905	26,911	181,113	232,306	39,356	3,193,264	23.88	4,561,806	70%
2010	2,105,310	667,538	26,840	184,333	228,213	47,248	3,164,986	23.88	4,521,409	70%
2009	2,099,258	663,158	30,091	178,150	240,108	36,840	3,173,925	23.88	4,534,179	70%
2008(b)	2,090,279	660,989	31,570	186,657	237,277	45,202	3,161,570	23.88	4,516,529	70%
2007	1,211,014	472,041	21,321	182,567	235,424	38,735	2,083,632	36.18	2,976,617	70%
2006	1,202,479	458,176	20,824	173,138	222,785	32,369	2,045,033	35.20	2,921,476	70%

Source: Town of Enfield Office of Tax Assessor

⁽a) Revaluation completed effective October 1, 2011 Grand List. The basis of assessment is 70% of the 2011 fair market value.

⁽b) Revaluation completed effective October 1, 2006. The basis of assessment is 70% of the 2006 fair market value.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year											
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006		
Town: General	29.13	29.26	27.84	23.88	23.88	23.88	23.88	23.88	36.18	35.20		
District: Enfield F.D.	3.25	3.15	3.05	2.65	2.65	2.65	2.65	2.65	3.10	2.98		
Thompsonville F.D.	7.25	6.45	6.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	7.15	6.90		
Hazardville F.D.	2.40	2.10	2.10	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	2.75	2.25		
N. Thompsonville F.D.	3.15	3.05	2.90	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	3.00	2.75		
Shaker Pines F.D.	2.30	2.30	2.20	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.10	1.10	1.80	1.80		

Source: Town of Enfield Finance Department

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS 2013 AND 2004

(In Thousands)

			October	· 1, 2013	October 1, 2004						
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value (a)	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value (b)				
Mass Mutual Insurance	\$	41,711	1	1.46%	\$						
Centro Enfield LLC		35,121	2	1.23%							
National Industrial Portfolio		32,531	3	1.14%							
Connecticut Light and Power		30,894	4	1.09%	18,112	6	0.90%				
Hallmark Cards		30,223	5	1.06%	35,993	2	1.79%				
Retail Brand Alliance		23,250	6	0.82%							
Galileo Freshwater/Stateline		22,393	7	0.79%							
Paremount Commons at Enfield LLC		21,866	8	0.77%							
Equity One LLC		18,217	9	0.64%							
Eppendorf, Inc.		17,605	10	0.62%							
Northland Bigelow Commons LTD					11,561	8	0.57%				
Lego Building Corp					64,045	1	3.18%				
Phoenix Home Life Mutual					33,575	3	1.67%				
Enfield Square, LLC					26,795	4	1.33%				
Casual Corner Group, Inc					23,413	5	1.16%				
Gateway Conn Properties					12,854	7	0.64%				
SEA Enfield Commons, LLC					11,087	9	0.55%				
Connecticut Water Company	-				8,388	10	0.42%				
Total	\$_	273,811		9.62%	\$ 245,823		12.21%				

Source: Town of Enfield, Office of Tax Assessor

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

						Within The ear of Levy				Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Rate In Mills	_	Taxes Levied For This Fiscal Year	-	Amount	Percentage of Levy		Collections in Subsequent Years	_	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2015	29.13	\$	83,052	\$	81,517	98.15%	\$		\$	81,517	98.15%		
2014	29.26		83,132		81,428	97.95%		1,022		82,450	99.18%		
2013	27.84		80,002		78,202	97.75%		1,425		79,627	99.53%		
2012	23.88		76,343		74,517	97.61%		1,559		76,076	99.65%		
2011	23.88		75,863		74,191	97.80%		1,416		75,607	99.66%		
2010	23.88		75,354		73,940	98.12%		1,187		75,127	99.70%		
2009	23.88		75,612		74,138	98.05%		1,213		75,351	99.65%		
2008	23.88		75,213		73,579	97.83%		1,400		74,979	99.69%		
2007	36.18		75,636		73,763	97.52%		1,529		75,292	99.55%		
2006	35.20		72,224		70,454	97.55%		1,389		71,843	99.47%		

Source: Tax Collector's Report: Comprehensive annual financial report

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	(a) Ratio of Bonded Debt to Taxable Assessed Value	(b) General Bonded Debt Per Capita	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	(a) Ratio of Debt to Taxable Assessed Value	(b) Total Debt Per Capita	(c) Total Debt Per Personal Income
2015	\$ 41,590	1.46% \$	924 \$	\$ 2,922	\$ 44,512	1.56%	\$ 989	\$ 664
2014	19,450	0.68%	432	4,633	24,083	0.85%	535	365
2013	21,975	0.77%	488	5,546	27,521	0.96%	612	417
2012	23,905	0.74%	531	4,867	28,772	0.90%	639	436
2011	26,765	0.84%	608	1,923	28,688	0.90%	652	441
2010	29,165	0.92%	648	1,145	30,310	0.96%	674	497
2009	34,650	1.09%	770	358	35,008	1.10%	778	574
2008	38,500	1.22%	856	7	38,507	1.22%	856	631
2007	22,500	1.08%	500	23	22,523	1.08%	501	369
2006	25,500	1.25%	567	38	25,538	1.25%	568	419

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽a) See Table 5 for taxable assessed value

⁽b) See Table 13 for population figures

⁽c) See Table 13 for total personal income

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

Governmental Unit	<u>Ou</u>	Debt tstanding	Percentage Applicable	Estimated Shares of Direct and rlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:				
Enfield Fire District	\$	796	100%	\$ 796
Thompsonville Fire District		4,167	100%	4,167
Hazardville Fire District		622	100%	622
North Thompsonville Fire District		350	100%	 350
Total overlapping debt		5,935		5,935
Town direct debt		44,512	100%	 44,512
Total	\$	50,447		\$ 50,447

The Town has five fire districts. The direct and overlapping debt is calculated at 100% of the total bonds and capital leases outstanding for each fire district.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION JUNE 30, 2015

00112 00, 2010		
(In Thousands)		
Total Tax Collections (Including Interest and Lien Fees)		
for the Year Ended June 30, 2015	\$	95,086
Reimbursement for Revenue Loss:		
Tax relief for elderly freeze		2
Dage for Dobt Limitation Computation	Φ	05.000
Base for Debt Limitation Computation	<u> </u>	95,088

	_	General Purpose	. <u>-</u>	Schools	_	Sewers	_	Urban Renewal	. <u>-</u>	Pension Deficit
Debt Limitation: 2 1/4 times base 4 1/2 times base 3 3/4 times base	\$	213,948	\$	427,896	\$	356,580	\$		\$	
3 1/4 times base 3 times base	_				-	330,300	=	309,036		285,264
Total debt limitation	_	213,948	_	427,896	_	356,580	_	309,036	_	285,264
Indebtedness: Bonds payable Bond authorized but unissued Fire district debt	_	38,434 57,500 5,935		3,156 35,000	_		-			
Net Indebtedness (1) (2)	_	101,869	_	38,156	. <u>-</u>	-	_	-		
Debt Limitation in Excess of Indebtedness	\$ <u>_</u>	112,079	\$	389,740	\$_	356,580	\$_	309,036	\$_	285,264
(1) The total of the above net inde	btec	lness amoun	ts t	0:					\$_	140,025
In no event shall total indebted	dnes	s exceed se	/en	times the bas	se fo	or debt limitati	on	computation:	\$_	665,616

⁽²⁾ There is no overlapping debt.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	_	FISCAL YEAR									
	_	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Debt limitation	\$	665,616 \$	663,733 \$	626,094 \$	599,466 \$	593,768 \$	255,521 \$	601,174 \$	585,830 \$	582,253 \$	554,757
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	140,025	83,747	91,272	58,172	36,960	44,220	38,552	40,320	24,605	27,875
Legal Debt Margin	\$_	525,591 \$	579,986 \$	534,822 \$	541,294 \$_	556,808 \$	211,301 \$_	562,622 \$	545,510 \$	557,648 \$	526,882
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limi as a Percentage of Debt Limit	it	21.04%	12.62%	14.58%	9.70%	6.22%	17.31%	6.41%	6.88%	4.23%	5.60%

Source: Comprehensive annual financial report - Schedule of Debt Limitation

Note: See Table 11 for calculation of current year debt limitation.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year	Population (1)	<u>l</u> :	Per Capita ncome (2)	Н	Median ousehold come (2)	Median Age (1)	school Ilment (3)	mployment Rate (4)
2015	45	\$	30	\$	67	41.0	5	4.5%
2014	45		29		66	41.0	5	5.8%
2013	45		29		66	41.0	5	8.0%
2012	45		29		66	41.0	6	8.7%
2011	44		28		65	40.0	6	6.8%
2010	45		21		61	37.3	6	8.3%
2009	45		22		61	37.3	6	7.7%
2008	45		22		61	37.3	6	6.5%
2007	45		22		61	37.3	6	4.7%
2006	45		22		61	37.3	7	4.7%

⁽¹⁾ Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census - 2011-2013 American Community Survey 3 Year Estimates - Demographic and Housing Estimates

⁽²⁾ Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census - 2011-2013 American Community Survey 3 Year Estimates - Selected Economic Characteristics

⁽³⁾ Source: Town of Enfield School Administration

⁽⁴⁾ Source: State of Connecticut Department of Labor October 2015

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2015		2006				
<u>Employer</u>	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment(a)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment(b)		
Mass Mutual Insurance	Insurance	1,755	1	8.32%	1,950	1	8.02%		
Lego Building Corp.	Plastic Games & Toys	715	2	3.39%	325	4	1.34%		
Hallmark Cards, Inc.	Greeting Cards	570	3	2.70%	860	2	3.54%		
Retail Brand Alliance	Retail	450	4	2.13%					
Eppendorf Manufacturing	Life Science	230	5	1.09%					
CT Dept. of Corrections	Detention Facilities	225	6	1.07%					
Martin Brower	Transportation	210	7	1.00%	215	8	0.88%		
Target	Retail	200	8	0.95%					
Super Stop & Shop	Grocery Chain	170	9	0.81%					
Underwriter's Labs	Product Safety Testing	153	10	0.73%					
Precision Camera	Camera Repair				500	3	2.06%		
CUNO, Inc.	Water Filters				300	5	1.23%		
Retail Brand Alliance	Retail				300	6	1.23%		
Mead/Westvaco	Manufacturing				217	7	0.89%		
Total		4,678		22.19%	4,667		19.19%		

Source: Town of Enfield Official Statement and Historical Report

⁽a) State of Connecticut, Department of Labor - Town employment of 21,085

⁽b) State of Connecticut, Department of Labor - Town employment of 22,475

^{*} Information not available for top 9 and 10 employers for 2006.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General Government	56	61	55	61	58	59	68	63	64	64
Public Safety	149	137	130	136	121	138	138	138	120	129
Refuse Collection	20	19	20	20	20	21	22	22	19	20
Social Services	69	63	68	63	63	68	74	75	83	81
Public Works	117	109	110	112	109	109	65	68	69	70
Parks and Recreation	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
Library	17	18	15	16	20	19	19	18	28	28
Education (a)	766	<u>771</u>	781	796	826	835	831	854	840	826
Total	1,196	1,180	1,181	1,207	1,220	1,252	1,220	1,240	1,226	1,221

Source: Historical annual reports and departmental reports

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year											
Function/Program	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006		
General government:												
Building permits issued	2,527	2,289	2,174	2,143	1,896	1,782	1,782	1,718	1,979	2,486		
Police:												
Physical arrests	1,438	1,303	1,406	2,729	2,913	1,510	1,510	1,616	3,336	3,269		
Parking violations	203	485	217	325	507	583	583	457	619	546		
Traffic violations	5,087	10,640	10,711	10,357	11,235	11,797	11,797	12,815	9,256	8,294		
Refuse collection:												
Refuse collected (tons per day)	55	66	70	69	85	62	62	60	69	68		
Recyclables (tons per day)	16	18	21	18	16	13	13	12	11	11		
Library:												
Volumes in collection	154,269	141,271	136,043	136,043	147,751	145,570	145,570	141,039	136,109	143,148		
Total volumes borrowed	290,609	309,780	329,064	352,091	368,370	383,243	383,243	350,951	330,551	334,204		
Wastewater:												
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	4,550	5,295	4,954	5,820	5,160	5,900	5,900	6,532	5,200	5,336		

Source: Historical departmental reports

TOWN OF ENFIELD, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year												
Function/Program	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006			
Police:													
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Zone offices	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2			
Patrol districts	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7			
Fire stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6			
Refuse collection:													
Collection trucks	13	13	14	13	15	15	13	10	10	10			
Public works:													
Streets (miles)	181	181	181	181	181	181	181	180	180	180			
Highways (miles)	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30			
Streetlights	3,690	3,690	3,690	3,690	3,690	3,690	3,690	57	57	57			
Traffic signals	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8			
Parks and recreation:													
Acreage	404	404	404	404	404	404	404	205	205	205			
Playgrounds	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	10	10	10			
Baseball/softball diamonds	36	36	36	36	35	35	35	30	30	30			
Soccer/football fields	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17			
Community centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2			
Wastewater:													
Sanitary sewers (miles)	286	286	286	286	286	286	286	300	300	300			
Storm sewers (miles)	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400			